BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 1, 1867. VOLUME XXXIV—NUMBER 77.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

at Smith's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

TERMS—$8.00 per Year.
4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

S. WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. Pettengill & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. Niles, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court St., Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has nearly expired.

Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

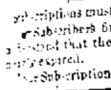
PETERS & WILSON,
Counsellors and Attorneys-at-Law,
BANGOR, ME.
JOHN A. PETERS. 625 F. A. WILSON

PRINCE A. GATCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
BANGOR.
At Clerk of Courts Office. mch 11—4w

JASPER HUTCHINGS,
Counsellor and Attorney-at-Law,
EXCHANGE BLOCK.
mch 1—3m* BANGOR, MAINE

WM. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,
—OFFICE—
Over Mercantile Bank, Hammond St.
Bangor, Nov. 22, 1866.—tf (Times copy)

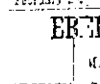
SMITH, NEALLEY & CO.,
(Successors to Holmes & Smith)
DEALERS IN



SHIP STORES
AND CHANDLERY,
WEST INDIA GOODS,
PROVISIONS & GROCERIES.
Corner of Washington & Exchange Streets,
BANGOR, ME.
February 1. dtf

EBEN STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER,
No. 66 Hammond Street,
Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.
Dec. 1, 1866 tf

French Porcelain!



We have just opened a NEW STOCK of China, Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware, in
White & Gold Band,
Of New and Desirable Patterns.
Rich Vases and Fancy Ware,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Silver Plated Knives, Spoons, Forks and Castors.
FINE TABLE CUTLERY,
In Ivory, Rubber, and Common, direct from the Manufacturers, and selling at low prices, at No. 1 Main Street.
sept 27—tf RICKER & IRELAND.

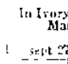
ROBERT TREAT & CO
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CORN & FLOUR,
W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.
Nos. 90 and 92 Exchange St. Opposite Post Exchange
ROBERT TREAT,
JOHN STRANGE.
nov 1 dtf

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.
JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,
No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.
Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

H. L. MITCHELL,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
OFFICE.
No. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,
Bangor, Maine.
Will give prompt and personal attention to the collection of all demands and to all other business entrusted to his care. sept 5—3law

50 Per Cent. Less than Former Prices.

E. P. LANSIL,
COOPER & CISTERN MAKER,
Would inform the people of Bangor, and the public generally, that he is prepared to make to order and warranted, *at reduced prices,*



CISTERNS, TANKS
WATER CASKS, &c.
Orders left at MUTUAL STORE CO., Central St., or GIBBS, PHILLIPS & CO., Broad St., will receive prompt attention.
Post Office address, Box 409. Jan 2 tf

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,
Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also
BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE
Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.
NO. 43 INDIA STREET,
BOSTON
N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor. J. W. Reedy, Travelling Agt.

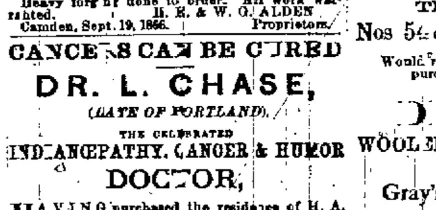
WAR CLAIMS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,
By Perkins & Smith,
Office—21 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.
NATHAN L. PERKINS, | DANIEL SMITH, Jr.
NATHAN L. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office as above. may 31

HORTON & PATTEN,
[illegible]
BOOKS [illegible]
BINDING & REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER,
No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, ME.

BUSINESS CARDS.

CAMDEN
ANCHOR WORKS
WE are now making ANCHORS of all sizes, and selling at the lowest market rates.
Heavy forging done to order. All work warranted. H. E. & W. G. ALDEN
Camden, Sept. 19, 1866. Proprietors.

CANCERS CAN BE CURED
DR. L. CHASE,
(LATE OF PORTLAND).
THE CELEBRATED
INDIANOPATHY, CANCER & HUMOR
DOCTOR,
HAVING purchased the residence of H. A. Wood, 54 Hammond Street, Bangor, Maine, would be happy to be consulted by all who are afflicted with
Cancers, Cancer Humors, Tumors, Scrofula, Leprosy, Salt Rheum, Fits, Neuralgia, Bronchial Affections, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Liver Diseases, Female Weaknesses, Piles, Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Diseases of the Kidneys, Stiff Joints, Gravel, Diabetes, &c., &c.
DR. CHASE has practiced in his profession for sixteen years, and in that time has spent two years in Florida and Cuba, for the purpose of gaining a correct knowledge of the most efficient remedies used by the various tribes of Indians of that country, and by great expense has gained many valuable secrets which have heretofore been unknown to the world.
In Cancer he claims superiority over all other Physicians of the age, for he never fails to perform a cure when taken in a proper stage.
His mode of curing Cancers is by the application of a plaster, which is strictly vegetable, and will have no effect upon the healthy flesh: and in no case uses a knife, as does Dr. Greene, of Boston.
He also boldly asserts that he can tell every individual their disease and location of their pains, and describe their feelings in almost every case, more minutely than they can possibly themselves.
Dr. Chase is not a Clairvoyant, but conducts his examinations on a strictly scientific principle, and will challenge any professed medium for a test examination.
Office hours from 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Examinations free. Office at residence No. 54 Hammond Street.
November 7, 1866. d&w



GRAY-HEADED PEOPLE have their locks restored by it to the *dark, lustrous, silken tresses* of youth, and are happy!
People whose heads are covered with *Dandruff* and *Humors*, use it, and have clean coats and clean and healthy scalps!
BALD-HEADED VETERANS have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of Hair, and dance for joy!
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
Price $1.00 per Bottle.
E. M. TUBBS & CO., PROPRIETORS
PETERBOROUGH, N. H.
B. F. Bradbury and J. F. Patten, Bangor, wholesale and retail agents. feb 5. 3taw6m*

Franklin Family School,
FOR BOYS,
TOPSHAM, - - - MAINE.
SPRING AND SUMMER TERM commences March 20th. For circulars and references address H. A. RANDALL, Principal.
feb 27 3taw5w*

WANTED!
1,000 Bushels Barley!!
Highest Price Paid,
—BY—
NASH & BABB,
oct 9—t *NO. 3 MERCANTILE SQUARE.*

IVES'
PATENT LAMPS!
Gas Superseded! Kerosene Popularized!
BY THE USE OF
Ives' Patent Hanging Reflector Lamps,
Brackets, Table Lamps, and Attachments.
WHICH can be filled, trimmed, and lighted (as quickly as gas), without removing the *Shade* or *Globe, Chimney, or Burner.*
For sale at manufacturers' prices, by
RICKER & IRELAND,
No. 1 Main Street.
Those in want of LIGHT, are invited to examine these Lamps before purchasing. oct 6—dtf

FELLOWS' ORIGINAL
WORM LOZENGES.
WE can with confidence point to FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES as the most perfect remedy for those troublesome pests.
INTESTINAL WORMS.
After years of careful experiment, success has crowned our efforts, and we now offer to the world a confection without a single fault, being safe, convenient, effectual and pleasant. No injurious result can occur, let them be used in whatever quantity. Not a particle of calomel enters their composition. They may be used without further preparation, and at any time. Children will eagerly devour all you give them, and ask for more. They never fail in expelling Worms from their dwelling-place, and they will always strengthen the weak and emaciated, even when he is not afflicted with worms.
Various remedies have, from time to time, been recommended, such as calomel, oil of wormseed, turpentine, &c., producing dangerous and sometimes fatal consequences. After much research, study and experiments, embracing several years, the proprietors of FELLOWS' WORM LOZENGES have succeeded in producing this remedy, free from all objections, and positively safe, pleasant and effectual. They do not kill the worms, but act by making their dwelling-place disagreeable to them. In order to assure consumers of the genuineness of these Lozenges, the analysis of Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer, is annexed:—
"I have analyzed the WORM LOZENGES prepared by Messrs. FELLOWS & CO., and find that they are free from mercury and other metallic or mineral matter. These Lozenges are skilfully compounded, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effectual in their action. Respectfully, A. A. HAYES, M. D. Assayer to the State of Mass."
Price 25 cents per Box; Five for $1.
GEORGE W. SWETT, Proprietor of the New England Botanic Depot, 106 Hanover St., Boston, Mass. *Sole Agent for the United States,* to whom all orders should be addressed.
B. F. BRADBURY, and J. F. PATTEN & CO., Gen'l Agent, Bangor.
Sold by Dealers in Medicines everywhere.
oct 31 eow6m4

NOTICE
TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next. H. B. FARNHAM, City Marshal.
may 16

Checks, Notes & Drafts,
PRINTED IN GOOD STYLE,
AT THE
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

ENVELOPES,
Circulate the knowledge of your Business,
BY GETTING YOUR
Card Printed on Envelopes,
AT THE
Whig & Courier Office,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

POSTERS,
SHOP BILLS,
HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
WEDDING CARDS,
BUSINESS CARDS, &c.,
Printed at the
Whig and Courier Office.

Portland Advertisements.

1867. SPRING. 1867.
WOODMAN, TRUE & CO.,
Having this day removed to their spacious warehouse erected upon
THEIR OLD SITE,
Nos 54 & 56 MIDDLE STREET,
Would respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to their large, new and attractive stock of
DRY GOODS,
WOOLENS AND SMALL WARES.
Agents in Maine for
Gray's Patent Molded Collar.
Also a full assortment of all the leading makes and styles of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Paper Goods, including the
New Linen Finish Collar with Cuffs to match.
Agents for Maine for the
SINGER SEWING MACHINE.
Woodman, True & Co,
Portland, March 4, 1867. mch 25 3taw 4m*

DEERING, MILLIKEN & CO.,
JOBBERS OF
Dry Goods & Woolens,
have removed to their new and spacious store
58 & 60 Middle Street, cor. Market Street,
the site occupied by them previous to the fire.
D. M. & Co. are agents for the State of Maine for the *Empire Sewing Machines.*
RAY & TAYLOR'S enamelled and cloth imitation paper goods.
Selling agents for Farnsworth Manufacturing Co., Pennessewassee Mills, Cumberland Mills, Dixfield Mills, Madison Falls Co., and for Dana & McEwan's Banner Mills cotton, Warp Yarns and Net Twines.
Portland, March 27, 1867. 3md*

To Mill Owners and Corporations.
THE PORTLAND COMPANY,
PORTLAND, ME.,
Are prepared to fill all orders at short notice, and on as favorable terms as any other establishment for
Portable and Stationary Engines,
OF ALL SIZES,
FLUE and TUBULAR BOILERS,
TANKS AND HEATERS,
Bleach Boilers for Paper Mills,
MILL GEARING and SHAFTING
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
And all kinds of CASTINGS used in Water Power and Steam Mills.
GEORGE F. MORSE, Supt.
JACOB McLELLAN, Treas.
mch 22 tw

TYLER, LAMB & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BOOTS and SHOES,
AND DEALERS IN
LEATHER & FINDINGS,
HAVE REMOVED TO
37 and 39 UNION STREET,
(Former place of business previous to fire), where with improved facilities for manufacturing, they feel confident that they can make it an object to the trade to favor them with their patronage.
Portland, March 7, 1867. 4w*

Jackson's Catarrh Snuff!
Positive Cure for all Disorders of
Head, Throat, & Vocal Organs.
ACTS LIKE MAGIC! NEVER FAILS. "TRY IT."
ELEGANT TROCHE and SNUFF,
COMBINED FOR
COUGHS, CATARRHS, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ASTHMA, BAD BREATH, HEADACHE.
Relieves wretched symptoms of HOPELESS cases. INSTANTLY *soothes* annoying *cough* in church. Cures CATARRH positively *without* SNEEZING! For Singers, &c., *clears* and *strengthens* the voice. Cures *Hoarseness; tastes pleasant; never nauseates.* PREVENTS COLDS from skating, lectures, &c. Sold by Druggists. Mailed *free* for 35 cents. Address COOPER, WILSON & CO., Fourth and Wharton, Phila.
B. F. BRADBURY, Agent, Bangor, Me.
W. W. WHIPPLE, PORTLAND, Wholesale Agent.
dec 17 3taw & wcow 6m*

American & Foreign Patents.
R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS
Late Agent of the U. S. Patent Office, Washington, under the Act of 1837.
No. 78 State Street, (opposite Kilby street) Boston.
AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch. Researches made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.
No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.
During eight months the subscriber, in the course of his large practice, made on *twice* rejected applications SIXTEEN APPEALS; *every one* of which was decided in *his favor* by the Commissioner of Patents.
TESTIMONIALS.
"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents."
"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man more *competent and trustworthy,* and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. EDMUND BURKE, Late Commissioner of Patents."
"Mr. R. H. EDDY has made for me THIRTEEN applications, in all but ONE of which patents have been granted, and that one is *now pending.* Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend *all* inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and at very reasonable charges. JOHN TAGGART."
jan1 3taw 1yr

GREAT DISCOVERY!
ROGERS'
Excelsior Pain Curer!
THE BEST PREPARATION EVER MADE
FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:
ALL NERVOUS & NEURALGIC PAINS, PLEURISY PAINS, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, EARACHE, STIFF NECK, DIPTHERIA, SORE THROAT, and AGUE.
Also, invaluable in all cases of
SPRAINS AND BRUISES!
TRY IT, AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED!
Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail by W. W. ROGERS, Hampden Corner, Maine.
Sold in Bangor by W. E. ALDEN & CO.
December 31. 3taw 6m

NOW IS THE TIME
To Prepare for Business!
BUSINESS CARDS,
OF ANY REQUIRED STYLE & SIZE,
Printed at short notice, at the
Whig & Courier Job Office,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Boston Advertisements.

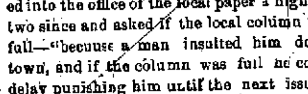
PAGE, RICHARDSON & CO.,
Bankers and Merchants,
114 STATE STREET,
BOSTON.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London, Paris, and the principal continental cities.
TRAVELLERS' CREDITS, for the use of travellers in *Europe* and the *East.*
COMMERCIAL CREDITS, for the purchase of *Merchandise* in *England* and the *Continent.*
All descriptions of MERCHANDISE imported to order.
ADVANCES made on Consignments to *Liverpool* and *London.* mch 13 3md

The Afflicted Will Find
THAT
SMOLANDER'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE
ONLY SURE REMEDY
FOR
Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic Difficulties, and Disorders arising from Excesses of any Kind.
PRICE $1.00 PER BOTTLE.
Sold by all Apothecaries.
J. A. BURLEIGH,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, BOSTON,
mch 13 GENERAL AGENT. 3md

South Down Co's Patent
SheepWash Tobacco
THE BEST KNOWN REMEDY FOR
Ticks, Scab, Vermin and Foot Rot,
should be used by all Farmers on
SHEEP ANIMALS, AND PLANTS.
This pure preparation has been successfully used for years, and never fails to produce the desired effect when used according to directions.
It will not injure the most delicate animal.
It will improve the Quality and Quantity of Wool.
It kills TICKS on Sheep.
It cures SCAB on Sheep.
It cures all SKIN DISEASES on Animals.
It kills all VERMIN that infest Animals, Trees, Plants and Vines.
For FOOT-ROT it is a sure cure, used as a poultice.
ONE POUND of this Extract will make TWELVE GALLONS of Wash, and contains the strength of EIGHT POUNDS of TOBACCO, as prepared by farmers.
Sold by all Druggists and Country and Agricultural Stores.
JAMES F. LEVIN,
23 Central Wharf, Boston, Mass.
KENDALL & WHITNEY, Portland, Me.
N. S. HARLOW, Bangor, Me.
SIMONDS & CO., Fitzwilliam, N. H.
March 1. 3tawd&w1m

TO MILL OWNERS.
Hoisting & Carting Machine,
FOR HOISTING LUMBER
Upon Gang Edger Tables.
BY this machine lumber is hoisted upon Edger Tables, to be edged, after passing through the Gang Sawers, by water or steam power, thereby saving all the hard lifting labor of edgers, as is well known sometimes in saw mills.
Two men will edge from two to three thousand feet more lumber in a day with, than without, and do it much easier.
Whether sawing large or small lumber, it is as the largest as well as the smallest sticks quicker than can be done by hand, and with no more effort than to handle one inch boards. In fact this machine hoists the heaviest timber with ease and rapidity, that is surprising and gratifying to see.
A greater labor-saving machine has not been invented in a century the value of which can never be computed in dollars and cents.
Every one who pays his money for this machine will receive back again its entire cost by its use in one season, and in most cases in one half that time.
They are strong and durable machines, and will need constant use for years.
Rights for sale by the inventor at Brewer Village Maine. Further inquiries may be made of PALMER & JOHNSON, Exchange Street, Bangor, Me.
JAMES TRACY,
mch 7. tf PATENTEE.

FURNITURE.

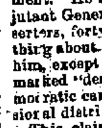


G. W. VERRILL,
62, 64 and 66 Main Street,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Upholstered Furniture of every Description,
FEATHERS, MATTRESSES, &c.
OWING to the large additions which I have lately made to my factory in the way of machinery, &c., I am now prepared to produce as good quality of work as the best manufacturers in Massachusetts, and sell as low as the lowest.
Repairing in all its branches done, as usual by experienced workmen.
All custom work warranted to give satisfaction.
Purchasers have only to call and see for themselves to be convinced that I sell as low as any, and lower than many dealers in New England.
G. W. MERRILL,
February 2. 3taw 66 Main Street.

WEDDING CARDS
Printed with Neatness and Despatch,
AT THE
Whig and Courier Office,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

NEW CROP
Matanzas Molasses,
VERY NICE QUALITY,
Just received and for sale by
AYER & WEED,
116 and 118 BROAD STREET.
February 11.

PLANTS! PLANTS!
THOMAS ALLEN,



At Court Street GREEN HOUSE, near the residence of Hon. F. Woods, has on hand plants of every variety, some of which are in flower and ready for delivery. Newest and rarest varieties have been received from Philadelphia and New York, and will be sold at low prices. Ladies and others are requested to call and inspect his assortment of PLANTS. The variety is as good as was ever brought to this city. The Green House is but a few minutes walk from the Post Office. mch 1—1w

PRINTING
—IN—
Bronze, Black & Colors,
EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS,
—AT THE—
WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,
KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

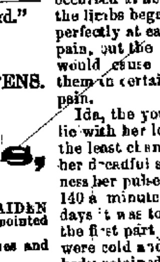
New York Advertisements.

THE CENTRAL
Pacific R. R. Co.,
Having Completed, Equipped and put in operation nearly One Hundred Miles of their Road, from Sacramento, California, to within 12 Miles of the summit of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, continue to offer for sale, through us, their
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
Issued in conformity with the Acts of Congress and the laws of the State of California, upon the division of their Road located in the State of California, and extending one hundred and fifty-six miles from Sacramento City to the California State line.
These Bonds have Thirty Years to run from July 1, 1865, and are secured by a
FIRST MORTGAGE.
Constituting an absolute prior lien on the portion of Road above named, with all the Rights, Franchises, Equipments, &c., pertaining thereto.
The amount of these First Mortgage Bonds to be issued per mile is limited by law to the amount of United States Bonds allowed and issued to aid the construction of the Road, and the Mortgage by which they are secured is DECLARED BY ACT OF CONGRESS TO CONSTITUTE A LIEN PRIOR AND SUPERIOR TO THAT OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
Interest at the rate of Six per cent. per Annum, payable Semi-Annually, on the first days of January and July.
Principal and Interest payable in
UNITED STATES GOLD COIN,
in the City of New York.
The price of the Bonds is fixed for the present at 95 per cent., and accrued interest from January 1st in Currency, the Company reserving the right to advance the price whenever it is their interest to do so. The Road forms the Western part of the
MAIN TRUNK
OF THE
Great National Pacific Railroad,
authorized, adopted and aided by
The United States Government.
It runs through the heart of the richest and most populous section of the State of California, connecting the
Extensive Mining Regions of Nevada, Utah and Idaho
With Sacramento and the Pacific Coast, from whence their supplies must be drawn; and the Earnings of the portion already running are very heavy, *and largely in excess of the interest upon the Company's Bonds.*
Having been for some time familiar with the operations of the Central Pacific Railroad Company we are satisfied that they are conducted with rare ability and prudence, and that the energetic and economical management of the Company's affairs entitles them to the confidence of Capitalists and of the public. We have carefully investigated the progress, resources, and prospects of the Road, and have the fullest confidence in its success, and in the value and stability of the Company's securities. The attention of Trustees of Estates, Institutions and individuals desiring a long, safe and remunerative investment, is especially invited to these First Mortgage Bonds.
Orders may be forwarded to us direct, or through the principal Banks and Bankers in all parts of the country.
Remittances may be made in drafts on New York, or in Legal Tender Notes, National Bank Notes, or other funds current in this city, and the Bonds will be forwarded to any address by Express, free of charge. Inquiries for further particulars, by mail or otherwise, will receive punctual attention.
FISK & HATCH,
Bankers & Dealers in Government Securities.
No. 5 Nassau Street, N. Y.
N. B.—All kinds of Government Securities received at the full market price in exchange for the above Bonds. Also,
All descriptions of Government Securities kept constantly on hand, and bought, sold, or exchanged.
Gold Coin and U. S. Coupons bought, sold and collected.
Deposits received on liberal terms, subject to check at sight.
Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on commission for cash.
Special attention given to the Exchange of SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES of all the Series for the New FIVE-TWENTY BONDS of 1865, on the most favorable terms.
March 21 1md&w

DR. MILLER'S
Soothing and Healing Balsam
—OR—
NATURE'S ASSISTANT.
IT has proved infallible for Burns, Frozen Limbs, Bruises, Sprains, Wounds of all kinds, Pains in the Side, Back or Shoulders, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Stiff Neck, Ague in the Face or Breast, Earache, Deafness, Poisoning, Erysipelas, and Inflammation of the Eyes. For Rheumatism, it is not a certain cure, yet hundreds have been relieved by it when other remedies had failed.
AS AN INTERNAL MEDICINE, when taken in season it will cure Inflammation of the Bowels, Dysentery, Kidney Complaint, and Cholera Morbus. It will also cure Diphtheria, Dry Cough, and Asthma.
This medicine is purely vegetable in its composition, soothing and healing in its influence, and may be given to any age or sex with perfect safety. It has been before the public during the past nine years, and has wrought some of the most astonishing cures. The proprietor challenges the world to produce its superior as a remedy. For sale by all Druggists. C. D. LEET, Proprietor, Springfield, Mass.
Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York, will also supply the Trade at List Prices.
mch 25 eowly

"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."
THE GOLD PEN,
BEST AND CHEAPEST OF PENS.
MORTON'S
Gold Pens,
The Best Pens in the World.
For sale at his Headquarters, No. 25 MAIDEN LANE New York, and by every duly-appointed Agent at the same prices.
A Catalogue, with full description of Sizes and Prices, sent on receipt of letter postage.
A. MORTON.
Jan 1 d&w6m

AHEAD OF ALL OTHERS IS THE
"MARTHA WASHINGTON" HAIR RESTORER.



It is used by all, and is acknowledged to be superior to any other preparation in market. It keeps the hair soft and glossy.
It changes the hair to its original color.
It prevents the hair falling out.
It prevents premature baldness.
It makes old heads look young, and, in fact, it will do all expected of a good, genuine hair restorer. Do not be humbugged by buying any other preparation. Try it, by all means try it, and you will never regret it.
N. B.—Be sure and ask for the "Martha Washington" Hair Restorer and take no other.
SIMONDS & CO., PROPRIETORS, Fitzwilliam, N. H.
SOLD IN BANGOR BY
N. S. HARLOW and MANN & CURTIS
February 16. 7w*

For Sale,
THE Land known as the "PATTEN LOT," containing something over six acres, situated on the Westerly side of the Avenue Road, about 1½ miles from the city. For particulars enquire of O. B. COOMBS, 40 West Market Square.
mch 4 3w

HOUSE, SHIP,
CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL
PAINTS.
A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2 50 per square for first week—$1 00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week,* one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.
Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Russian America ceded to the United States—British Diplomatists excited thereat.

NEW YORK, March 30.

A decision was rendered in the Court of Appeals yesterday, in the well known case of Stephen P. Clark against James and Erastus Brooks, relative to the ownership of The Daily Evening Express.

This was a motion to dismiss the appeal from the order of the Common Pleas Court wherein an order denying the defendants motion for a new trial, and affirming judgment, declaring the rights of the parties, was entered.

Chief Justice Davis and the full bench decided that no appeal could be brought before this court until the entry of final judgment. It was therefore dismissed.

There are more counterfeit U. S. bank notes afloat at present than there has been for half a generation before. Compound interest notes of the denomination of $50 are imitated very successfully.

A disastrous conflagration at 10 o'clock last evening destroyed a large cabinet factory and ten other buildings on 6th Avenue and West 47th street.

NEW YORK, March 30.

The Commercial's special says the President has signed the Tennessee army bill and the deficiency bill.

WASHINGTON, March 30.

The President and Cabinet are at the Capitol today attending to public business owing to the large number of executive appointments to be acted upon.

The President today issued a proclamation convening the Senate in extra session, to meet Wednesday, April 1st, at noon.—He also sent to the House a communication giving his reasons for signing the joint resolution providing for the expenses of carrying into full effect the act to provide for a more efficient government of the rebel States.

The President has communicated to the Senate a treaty with Russia, by which that Power surrenders to the United States sovereignty over all of Russian America and the adjacent islands, thus excluding British America from the Pacific Ocean. The treaty will be taken up next week. There is great excitement among the British diplomatists.

DEATH FROM TRICHINA, CAUSED BY EATING RAW HAM. Six cases of trichina spiralis have occurred in Springfield Mass., with a fatal result in one of them. The family of Ransley Hall are the victims, and the disease is traceable to a ham, which was purchased a few weeks ago. The family ate freely of this ham in its raw state, no part of it being cooked, and in a few days unpleasant symptoms began to manifest themselves. On the 2d of March, Mr. Hall, feeling unwell, summoned a physician, and about the same time his son Cornelius was attacked in a similar way, but not so severely. On the following Saturday his daughter Ida, aged 17, was taken sick with the same disease; the next Tuesday her sister Laura, two years younger; the next Saturday, Mrs. Hall, and subsequently Mrs. Hall's father, Mr. Church. Ida, who was fondest of the ham, and ate the most freely of it, was the sickest of the family, and after a singular illness of a little more than two weeks, she died on Monday afternoon. The others were ill almost in proportion to the amount of ham they had eaten, but it is hoped that all the survivors may recover.

Of the symptoms of the disease the Republican says:

The first one was a violent pain through the eyes, which soon became swollen and bloody. This was followed by pains in the stomach and bowels, with vomiting and a very offensive bilious and mucous diarrhœa. There was at the same time and subsequently, the most profuse perspiration and urination, and the face and limbs became badly swollen. After the swelling and bloody appearance in the eyes had disappeared, which occurred at about the end of the third day, the limbs began to be rigid. When lying perfectly at ease, the patient would feel no pain, but the least movement of the limbs would cause terrible agony, and touching them in certain places would also cause great pain.

Ida, the young lady who died, could only lie with her lower limbs perfectly straight; the least change from that position caused her dreadful suffering. During all her illness her pulse was never slower than 130 or 140 a minute, while during the last four days it was too quick to be counted. During the first part of that time, her hands and feet were cold and clammy, while the rest of her body retained its natural warmth. At 6 o'clock on Monday morning she fell asleep and never awoke. The physician in attendance was not fully satisfied as to the actual disease until yesterday; but his treatment was the same that is laid down in the books for the trichina spiralis, and, with the exception of the copious urination, the symptoms were mainly the same. The cases have excited great interest in the medical profession.

[A microscopic examination since made of the flesh of the young lady, exposed the trichina plainly to view.]

GALLANTRY. A woman came up in the Bath train on Tuesday morning, having a child with her. After she had taken her seat for Portland, she missed her wallet, and made her loss known to Thompson the baggage master. She left the child, and went into another car with Thompson, to look for it, and it was speedily found. As she came out, the train had got under way, and lo! the child was borne off. Then, the woman in the most approved style "took on," wringing her hands, ejaculating "my child! my child! what will become of my child?" Thompson, in the most gallant manner began to comfort her as well as he knew how, and was wonderfully successful for an old Bach. The Androscoggin engine standing by, the woman was put upon it, and the engineer put out for the flying train, the whistle being blown to warn the Portland engineer to haul up. The Androscoggin engine backed, was shackled to the rear or passenger car, and the woman passed over the tender to the car, and thus was reunited to the child. Who will hereafter say—"Corporations have no souls?"

But most funny of all, as the Androscoggin engine was backing up, a woman about "in proportion," was seen running up the track crying—"stop that train! stop that train!" [illegible]

Items in General.

Snyder's rifles have been furnished to the British troops in Canada, and will be employed against the Fenians, should they imitate the Blue Bonnets, and go over the border. These rifles are breech-loaders, and can be fired seven times a minute. They have the reputation of being much superior to the Prussian needle gun.

The costliest watch ever made was constructed in 1844 for the Sultan Abdul Medjid, and cost $6,300 in gold. It was five inches in diameter—rather an inconvenient size to carry—and struck the hours and quarters with a sound resembling that of a town clock.

Some two years ago a woman at East Ludworth, Mass., lost her wedding ring while engaged in her domestic duties. A few days ago she was peeling potatoes, and on, dividing a sort of double potato she found in the inside of the potato the lost wedding ring, which she was able to identify. The potato was grown in a field some half a mile from the cottage.

An interesting will case is on trial at Bridgeport, Ct. An Irishman named St. Ledger died about a year ago, leaving a fortune of $100,000, which, by the terms of his will, was to go to the priest at whose house he died, to the lawyer who drew up the will, and the lawyers son; leaving out entirely his poor relations, who now claim that he was unduly influenced.

Some costly pictures have lately changed hands. At a recent sale in Paris an "Italian Street Scene" by Decamps brought $7500.—At a sale in London a few weeks since, "Art and Liberty," by Louis Gallait, sold for $6000 in gold; and at Goupil's in New York, Gerome's "L'Aimee" was sold for $9000. At the latter place the sales for the past year are estimated at a value of $300,000.

The last Illinois Legislature passed a law making it a high misdemeanor for any manager of a lunatic asylum to receive any patient who had not been declared insane by a jury. A trial is granted to all patients now in confinement who have not been found *non compus mentis* by a court.

A young Ohioan lately recovered $2300 from a lady who had jilted him, being the value of presents he had made her. He gave her valuables, and she "gave him the bag"—empty. For his damaged heart, the jury gave him six cents, not enough to buy a court plaster.

One is liable to a fine of $100 if he disposes of any empty cigar box or boxes which have been stamped, without first defacing or destroying such stamp, or refills any cigar box without first defacing or destroying the stamp.

The late Artemus Ward said, there were no daily newspapers published in his town, but there was a ladies' sewing circle, which answers the same purpose.

Much opposition is made to the admission into the Senate of Mr. Thomas, of Maryland. He was a rebel sympathizer, and his behavior during the brief time he was in Buchanan's Cabinet showed that he was with the secession party. Unless he has repented he has no right to sit in the Senate.

Two-story cars are growing in favor on the European railways. The lower story has compartments in the English style, and the upper is on the American plan. The whole height of the car is about fourteen feet.

Samuel Washington, the grandson of Gen. Washington's brother Samuel, died in Delhi, Ohio, on Monday, 18th inst. He was the nearest remaining relative of Washington, and was 81 years old.

Mr. Sturges of Buffalo has been nonsuited in the action which he brought to recover $150,000 damages from the proprietor of the propeller which set fire to and destroyed his elevator a few weeks ago.

A young man in Burlington, Iowa, rushed into the office of the local paper a night or two since and asked if the local column was full—"because a man insulted him down town, and if the column was full he could delay punishing him until the next issue."

The evidence elicited at the Massachusetts liquor license hearing will make a printed volume of 700 or 800 closely printed pages.

One or two of the largest orange groves in Florida will, if the season continues favorable bear between one and two hundred thousand.

Chicago has lumber sufficient to lay a plank road thirty feet wide across the continent, and have 170,000,000 feet to spare.

Harvard College now holds funds amounting to $1,999,505, from which the income last year was $147,110.

There are 8,977 scholars studying German in the public schools of Cincinnati.

A New York widow put $2000 in greenbacks under her carpet for safety and had them stolen.

BUTLER ON IMPEACHMENT. In a debate on the last day of the session, Mr. Butler made the following statement, when called upon for reasons why the President should be impeached:

I can inform the gentleman from New York of one piece of testimony that can be brought on oath before the Committee on the Judiciary. I do not say it has yet been brought before them; but I say there is a piece of testimony that can be produced showing a gross abuse of the pardoning power by the President. A claim agent in Western Virginia last year conceived the idea of having a large number of deserters from the army of the United States pardoned in order that he might obtain large gains from pressing their claims for forfeited bounties and pay before the War Department. He took from the returns of the Adjutant General of that State a list of 193 deserters, forty only of whom he knew anything about. All the rest were unknown to him, except that they stood upon the rolls marked "deserters." He went to the Democratic candidate in one of the Congressional districts in Western Virginia.

This claim agent in Western Virginia called upon the Democratic candidate to state that if he would get these one hundred and ninety-three men pardoned they would vote the Democratic ticket in the last election, and, as the district was likely to be close, their votes would probably elect him.—Thereupon the candidate wrote a letter to the President of the United States, which letter was sent to him.

Mr. WOOD—Will the gentleman permit me to ask him whether, according to the testimony, or in his own knowledge, the President had personal cognizance of these facts?

Mr. BUTLER—I will state what the testimony is. That list of 193 deserters, with no other testimony but this letter, went to the President through the hands of Col Thomas B. Florence, who is somewhat known to the members of the House, and the answer that came back was a restoration of every one of the men on that list without calling an order [illegible] no other testimony than the fact that they would vote the Democratic ticket, [illegible]

New Publications.

A VALUABLE WORK. "Johnson's New Illustrated Family Atlas of the World," with full descriptions, has just been issued, with the maps brought down to the latest dates, and embracing also an immense amount and variety of statistical and other information of the greatest value to families and individuals. The volume, strongly and handsomely bound, contains over one hundred maps—nearly all the United States being in township maps (that is, showing the boundaries and names of every town.) Every country in the world is shown, with its divisions and sub-divisions. A fuller notice of this valuable work will soon be given. An agent is now here for its sale.

Published by A. J. Johnson, 113 Fulton Street, New York, 1867.

THE MANUAL OF SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY for 1866 and 1867, has just been issued by Messrs. Gould & Lincoln, Boston. It is in uniform style with the previous volumes, and is one of the most valuable works of the day—exhibiting as it does all the most important discoveries and improvements made from time to time. Edited by Dr. Samuel Kneeland, A. M. For sale by E. F. Duren.

"BACKBONE," photographed from the "Scalpel." By Edward H. Dixon, M. D., author of "Scenes in the Practice of a New York Surgeon." New York: R. DeWitt, publisher.

We receive a copy of this amusing and interesting book from the publishers. We judge that it will be popular with the reading public. Not only does it graphically describe the Doctor's way of treating "the ills which flesh is heir to;" but it contains some affecting and pathetic incidents from actual life—being real, not fancy "Scenes in the life of a Surgeon and Physician."

THE VILLAGE ON THE CLIFF. A novel by Miss Thackeray. We are indebted to Messrs. A. Williams & Co., Boston, for a copy of this attractive novel by a well known and talented English author—first issued in America in Littell's Living Age. It is now issued in convenient form for railway reading, in flexible covers, at 38 cents a copy.

BOOTH'S DIARY.—REMARKABLE STATEMENT BY GENERAL BUTLER.

The New York Post says: We print the remarkable statement of General Butler in the House of Representatives, not because of its bearing against Mr. Bingham, for we do not think the quarrel between Butler and Bingham of great interest, but because of the great public interest in the matters put forward by General Butler. We cannot see how this matter can be left to rest where it lies. Where is Booth's diary? Why was it concealed? Who tore out the leaves?—What did those leaves contain? What has become of them? Unless General Butler has indulged himself in insinuations which would be monstrous, there is a mystery here which justice demands should be ferretted out. General Butler said:

"There is still remaining in that diary, a memorable entry written but a few hours before J. Wilkes Booth's death. I quote from memory:

'I have endeavored to cross the Potomac five times and failed. I propose to return to Washington and give myself up and clear myself of this great crime.'

I understand the theory to be that the reason it was not produced was lest Booth's glorification of himself should go into the case. I think that a most lame excuse. If an assassin can glorify himself, let him do so; but there is no danger of it. Therefore I again say here, it was a most remarkable circumstance, that a piece of evidence found on the body of the great conspirator should be concealed. I will take that back—I mean that it was not put forward—not brought before the great public mind. *I believe that piece of evidence would have shown what in my judgment the whole case now shows—that Booth up to a certain hour, meant a capture and abduction of Mr. Lincoln, and that he changed his purpose and resorted to assassination.* Mrs. Surratt may or may not have known the change of purpose.

If all the testimony had been presented, we should have been able to pursue the accomplices, and *to find out who it was that changed Booth's purpose from capture to assassination—who it was that was to profit by the assassination, and that would not profit by the capture of Mr. Lincoln—who it was that should succeed to Mr. Lincoln in case the bullet made a vacancy.* In some aspects of the case, that diary might not have been taken as legal testimony; but its moral evidence would have carried conviction to the mind of everybody, because it was the dying declaration of a man, assassin though he were, who was telling the truth between himself and God.

How was Booth, by coming back to Washington, going to clear himself of the great crime? That question still remains.

A woman died recently at South Reading, Mass., who was well known for her eccentric habits. In the two rooms and cellar occupied by herself and husband were found two sleigh loads of pieces of old iron which she had picked up or begged, and seventeen hundred pounds of paper rags were gathered up on the premises and sold. In asserting the rags several quarts of copper coin—some of them rare specimens—were found, and a good handful of silver pieces. The place was so filled up with trumpery that it was considerable labor to clear a place in which to lay her out after her death.

A HUNGARIAN INFANT. In the neighborhood of Presburg, in Hungary, a few days since, a woman was charged with being the receiver of stolen goods, which were found in the cellar of her house. She has been most of her life a Jewess, but about six months ago she was converted by a priest of the Church of Rome. The date of birth in Hungary runs from the date of baptism; therefore the woman, when on trial, made the ingenious plea that she was an infant, not yet come to the years of discretion and could not legally be convicted. The intelligent tribunal, after serious cogitation, held her defence to be a good one, and acquitted her. The widow now finds herself to be in an excellent position. Being legally only six months old, though virtually over 40, she can use her years of indiscretion to thieve or commit other crimes without fear of legal consequences.

Wisconsin beats Massachusetts on the female suffrage question. It has, by a vote of 63 to 22, adopted a resolution submitting the question to the people of the State.

New Stock Received.
GOLD, Silver, and Metal Cased WATCHES, of the best American and foreign manufacture.
ALSO,
Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Pipes, Cutlery, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.
DANIEL WHITE,
No. 1 Kenduskeag Bridge.
WATCHES, CLOCKS, & JEWELRY.

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

☞ Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

MONDAY APRIL 1, 1867.

The Popham Question.

To the Editor of the Daily Whig

A controversy has arisen within the past few years in regard to the respective claims of Sir John Popham and the Pilgrims, to the honor of having first founded a colony in New England. Since the breaking ground by Mr. Poor, August 29, 1862, at Fort Popham, the controversy has attained to considerable magnitude. There have been orations upon that spot every year since, a large volume has been published entitled "The Memorial Volume of the Popham Celebration." So much labor has been performed, and so many facts have been brought to light in establishing the Popham colonization as a reality, that the Massachusetts antiquaries have become alarmed for Plymouth Rock, and fairly taken up the gauntlet and so becudgelled the Pophamites, that it will be only a brave historic student who will dare hereafter to lift up his voice against the absolute supremacy of the Pilgrims in the actual colonization, christianization, pacification, prolification and dignification of New England. Last summer the columns of the Boston Advertiser teemed with the knocks of the literary pugilists, until the heat of the dog days, or exhaustion, separated them.

But Massachusetts cannot keep still. She pricks up after a while, and with a "look er here you," deals such a blow at any stray Pophamite that has ventured between "the wind and her nobility," that for the instant he feels that to provoke the ire of the "hub" is an awful calamity.

The last demonstration appears in the "Congregationalist Quarterly" of last January, from the hand of Rev. D. Q. Cushman of Hubbardston. His text is an extract from Judge Bourne's Popham Address of August 29, 1864.

In his peroration the Judge becomes a little poetical and says:

"And in this view in the pages of undisputed history stand out these great facts, which should come home with power to every Christian heart. Here was offered the first Christian prayer in our own language, that ever broke forth from human lips on the shores of New England. Here on the 19th day of August, 1607, the first English minister of the Gospel of Peace proclaimed the great truths of Christian salvation. Here on that day, went out over the dead silence of the wilderness from a hundred Saxon voices, the first English hymn of adoration and praise to the Great Creator, the God of the Universe, and here was erected the first Christian Church, the emblem of all New England's power and greatness."

Episcopally speaking, the Judge is, perhaps, about right; Congregationally speaking, he is wrong. Looking at it through his Congregational optics, Mr. Cushman takes the latter view and gives vent to this bit of querimoniousness.

It is hardly fair, and certainly not historical, to give undue prominence to the enterprise of Popham and his party, so that the efforts of earlier voyagers shall be lost sight of and the doings of other noble men be cast comparatively into the shade.

The Reverend gentleman has devoted several pages to prove that many prayers were offered and divine services performed in New England, before "Sir John Popham arrived." Among other instances he notices the worship and appliances for worship, of that Huguenot, DeMonts, with L'Escarbot's and the rest of his party, on DeMonts island in Passamaquoddy Bay, "within the limits of Maine, to disprove the Judge's statement. His reading has not been quite so thorough as the Judge's, for the latter would never have said that Sir John Popham arrived in this country at all, or that DeMonts' island, or 'Neutral island,'" as Mr. Cushman chooses to designate it, was within the limits of New England for more than a hundred years afterward, or that DeMonts performed religious services in the English language. DeMonts and his company were French, and the French claimed that part of Maine which lies east of the Kennebec river as a part of Acadie, with some interruptions, until the treaty of Utrecht, in 1713.

It must be acknowledged that the Judge was a little overcharged when he said that there "was offered the first Christian prayer that ever broke forth from human lips on the shores of New England." He probably felt, in the enthusiasm of the moment, that Fort Popham was all New England, as indeed it was when the foundations of the colony were laid, for there was then no other Christian colony within the present limits of New England—not even on DeMonts island, or at Mt. Desert. But the Judge is capable of taking care of himself. We alluded to this subject merely to show the hypercritical tendency of the Massachusetts mind when a suspicion arises that any other part of New England may possibly have a right to a little of the glory that the clever old Commonwealth seeks to appropriate wholly to herself.

Mr. Cushman has a fling at the Popham colony on account of their treatment of the Indians, as if they were guilty of some great cruelty towards those people. There are two sides to that story, and we may allude to it again. G.

THE EFFECTS OF ALCOHOL UPON THE HUMAN SYSTEM. At the license law hearing before the committee of the Massachusetts Legislature on Wednesday last, Mr. Albert Day, Superintendent of the Washingtonian Home, a graduate of the Harvard Medical School, stated that the use of alcoholic beverages was most pernicious, and he gave his opinion of their effects on the system. He said he had found that the evil gradually grew on moderate drinkers until all sense of self respect had departed, and all the baser passions were developed. He said that men who occasionally took a glass of liquor, and the habit did not grow on them, were the exceptions to the general rule.

In cross examination the witness said that sometimes liquor was necessary for medical purposes, and provision should be made for such sales. He said that the general prescription of alcoholic stimulants for disease is a city notion, and not practiced away from cities. He said he made universal and indiscriminate war against the sale of alcoholic drinks because of their injurious tendency and results, and from statistics gathered by scientific men, both in this country and Europe, he had found that the universal opinion was that the use of alcohol was an evil. He said there was no evil in the world so great as that caused by the excessive use of intoxicating liquors, and he thought all other evils combined were not greater.

[illegible]

THE CHICAGO TUNNEL. The conclusion of the great lake tunnel enterprise for supplying the city of Chicago with pure water, was celebrated on the 25th inst., although the water was let into the tunnel and distributed through the city on the Friday night before. This work has involved an expense of $2,500,000, and three years of uninterrupted labor. A procession consisting of about one thousand masons, the Ellsworth Zouaves, the public officers of the courts, the Judiciary, the entire police force of the city, the fire department in full uniform, with their engines, the Dearborn Light Artillery, and many civic associations, moved through the principal streets of the city to the spot occupied by the Water Works, where the Grand Master of the State laid the corner stone of the new tower, with appropriate masonic ceremonies, previously delivering an address. Subsequently an oration was delivered by Mayor Rice, and addresses by Ex Mayor Sherman and Chief Engineer Chesebrough.

JOHN H. SURRATT, since his incarceration in the county jail at Washington, has been allowed every privilege which could tend to make his situation comfortable, and which is not incompatible with the regulations of the jail. His counsel have had frequent interviews with him, as have also his brother and sister; but no one else has been allowed to have any intercourse with him. His friends in Prince George county have been allowed to send him books, food, &c., subjected to an examination by the jail officials. His counsel are confident of their ability to clear him of the charge of complicity in the plot to assassinate Mr. Lincoln, and will base their defence upon the ground of his innocence of that particular charge. They have their case fully prepared, and the trial is only delayed by the District Attorney, who is as yet unprepared. It will probably take place by the middle of April.

The World, whose partisans not long since hunted down the negroes with relentless rage, gave the other day a whole page to a report of the condition of the colored population of New York, in which the following paragraph appears:

As a race the negroes of New York, considered from a police point of view, are a better class of citizens than the lower grades of whites. As just remarked, a negro or negress is brought before the courts occasionally for theft, occasionally a black man is arraigned for outrage, and very rarely for drunkenness or murder. But, as a class the negroes give the police comparatively little trouble. This is the almost universal testimony alike of patrolmen, sergeants, captains, and superintendents, and we publish it as at least an approximation of the truth.

The World now wants negro votes.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES. The following are the figures for the calendar year 1866—those for 1865 being also given:

RECEIPTS.

	1865	1866
From customs,	$136 759,161 28	$181,167 551 00
public lands	674 668 40	935 226 11
direct tax	741 057 44	2,307 361 85
internal revenue,	286 967 566 15	294 792,555 90
miscellaneous,	50 571 696 09	44 774 695 64
Totals,	$475 734 259 36	$523 977,389 46

EXPENDITURES.

Civil service, &c.,	$43 172 886 93	$45,534 393 84
Pensions and Indians	14 94. 111 01	22,039 699 02
War Department,	837 525,630 55	84,595 187 40
Navy Department	87 121 120 83	33 083,416 6
Interest on debt,	112,865,538 54	137 814 458 99
Totals,	$1 095 179,207 87	$323 066 2 5 46

An examination of these figures will show that while the expenditure of 1865 are about $620 000,000 greater than the receipts, those of 1866 are more than $200,000 000 less than the receipts. It also shows that the receipts of 1866 are about $48,000,000 greater than those of 1865.

The Boston Advertiser favors a scheme to tap the Grand Trunk road by building a line of 27 miles from Derby Line to Waterville, C. E., up the Massawippi valley, and so give a direct through line to Boston, in connection with the Connecticut & Passumpsic and other northern roads. By this new route, it says, Boston would be 50 miles nearer Montreal and Quebec than by the Grand Trunk, and Boston would then share equally with Portland the benefits of the Grand Trunk.

The adjournment of Congress, it will be seen, took place on Saturday at noon, until the first Wednesday in July—when, if no quorum of members be present, a further adjournment will take place until the time of the regular session, the first Monday in December next. Leave was granted to the Judiciary Committee, on motion of Mr. Boutwell of Massachusetts, to make a report in print upon the impeachment question at the session in July. There is to be an executive session of the Senate commencing on Wednesday of this week.

WARNING TO YOUNG MEN. We notice that by the last reports of the Scottish Register Office the death rate among bachelors is double what it is among married men between the ages of 25 and 30, between 30 and 35 it remains at nearly the same proportion, while, on the whole, taking married and single in the lump, husbands lived 20 years longer than unmated gentlemen.

The Montreal Witness of Thursday says everthing is still icebound there. The earth is like a rock to the depth of several feet, the rivers are covered with thick, solid ice, and the snow from two to three feet, with every now and then a fresh fall. There is, in fact, as good sleighing and snow shoeing now as ever. It is not thus in Canada West, where snow has almost departed, and the ice has left the lakes and rivers.

During Wednesday night of last week three trains arrived at Junction City, Kansas, which had been twenty five hours blockaded in a snow bank. One train, on board of which were two hundred Methodist preachers returning from a Conference, had been blockaded so as to permit of no egress whereby food might be obtained, and there was nothing on hand except one hog and seven dozen eggs.

The Chicago papers are jubilant over the introduction of pure water into that city from Lake Michigan. One of them "glorifies" over the fact as follows:—"No more fish, nor lizards, nor frogs, nor filth, nor grease, nor sand. No more odors of the foulest kind; but, in their place, pure water, nature's beverage, life and health giving water!"

At a principal station on the Vermont Central Railroad, a man bought twenty six Western tickets for himself and family, the other day, he being the father of twenty-four children, all by one wife, and she but thirty-five years old. Among the twenty-four were eleven pairs of twins, and all boys. A new country is the place for that family.

"They have had our husband have gone to Kansas [illegible]

THE CHICAGO LIFE INSURANCE SWINDLE. Richard Rainforth, of Chicago, who, it is alleged, attempted to defraud several life insurance companies of $15,000 by pretence of death and burial, was arrested in New York on Thursday. After effecting three polices of life insurance, he feigned death, and with the connivance and assistance of his physician, substituted the body of a hospital patient, which was duly buried instead of his own. A former partner of Rainforth, named Fuller, who knew that the cheat was intended, watched Rainforth and made known the facts. Fuller was to have received some pecuniary benefit as executor of the will to be left by Rainforth, making his daughter Jessie principal legatee. A letter from Rainforth to her, directing her to realize upon his property and join him in one of the eastern cities was intercepted.

A storm raged three full days in Southern Delaware last week, making the sandy part of the country a bed of quicksand, and doing immense damage. Wells everywhere caved in, mill dams were swept off in all directions—twenty-seven in Sussex county alone—besides innumerable wells destroyed. Those accurate statisticians, "the oldest inhabitants," aver that the storm never had a parallel in that region.

DEATH OF DR LIVINGSTONE. Sir Roderick Murchison—the best of authorities on such a subject—has written two letters in which he expresses his doubts of the truth of the story about Dr. Livingstone's death.—He prefers to wait and hear the opinion of Dr. Kirk, Dr. Livingstone's associate in African exploration, before crediting the account.

On Wednesday a man with his wife and child were crossing the St. Lawrence river on the ice in a sleigh, at Cornwall, Canada, when the ice gave way, under them. An Indian ran to the spot, but the man, woman, horse and sleigh had disappeared. The child was found on the ice near the place, where it had doubtless been thrown by its mother.

A Southern exchange says that a plantation in Wilcox county, Alabama, from fifteen hundred to two thousand acres, which before the war produced from eight thousand to ten thousand bushels of corn, and from three hundred and fifty to five hundred bales of cotton, was rented the other day for one hundred and thirty dollars.

A western editor shocked the religious sensibilities of his readers by an obituary notice running something like this: "We are inexpressibly pained to learn that since our last issue our dear friend Brown has gone to Heaven!"

ANNEXATION OF IRELAND TO THE UNITED STATES. A manifesto, purporting to be signed by eminent Irish patriots deceased has been largely circulated in Ireland. It is dated "at the foot of the Galtee Mountains," and says:

English government has become absolutely intolerable to us. We cannot endure a state of society in which the commonest liberties of all men are suspended.

We are unable to contend with our oppressors in arms, and we turn to the hope of mankind, the great Republic of North America, in our difficulties.

We ask to be admitted into the American Union, as a new State, having our own local government, but sending representatives to Congress.

We are as near to New York or Washington as New Orleans and San Francisco, and we have become so thoroughly Americanized that connection with England is no longer tolerable or possible.

This is a final and solemn resolve upon full deliberation.

We solicit our countrymen throughout the Union immediately to assemble and place this, the petition of twelve millions of Irishmen, in due form before the President and Congress of the United States."

MAXIMILIAN WAITING TO SELL OUT.—The Washington Star says reliable information has been received that Maximilian only waits in Mexico to make the best pecuniary arrangement that he can, and that he will certainly leave the country before the first of July.

WASHINGTON, March 29.

Mr. Butler brought to light in the debate this afternoon the facts on which Mr. Boutwell's resolution relative to the pardon of deserters was founded. He said that while doing his duty as chairman of the board of managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Soldiers, he discovered that about $75,000 of the money which had been subject to his order had by direction of the President, been transferred to another fund. This led him to make a thorough investigation, when he found that some time last fall the democratic congressional nominee in the 2d district of West Virginia made out, or had made out, a list of 193 deserters from the Union army and sent it to the President with a letter saying that if they were pardoned and restored their pay and allowances they would all vote the Johnson ticket.—This list and letter were laid before the President by Colonel Thomas Florence, of this city, and every one of the deserters was thereupon pardoned without any proof or question, and pay and allowances to the amount of about $70,000 were made over to them. The pardons or orders for some were delivered to Colonel Florence, who received $1000 for his services in the case from the claim agent who had it in charge. It came out in the debate following the statement by Mr. Butler, that the whole matter had been laid before the impeachment committee, and the democratic members thereof denounced Mr. Butler in strong terms for speaking of the subject in open House. One of them attempted to convey the idea that there is another side to the story but Mr. Butler said his statement had been sworn to by a brigadier-general of the army, and by parties out side of Congress who are conversant with the matter say it can be substantiated beyond doubt before any civil court.

The impeachment question got into the House this afternoon, and was fiercely discussed in a rambling manner for about an hour and a half. Mr. Woodbridge, of Vt., who is on the judiciary committee made a brief speech, without communicating any thing more than was conveyed in the assertion that the committee would report in favor of impeachment when they had evidence of the President's guilt. Mr. Wood undertook to twist this into a direct admission that no such evidence has yet been taken. Mr. Woodbridge denied that his words would bear such a construction, and some sharp cross-questioning followed. The general impression seemed to be that Mr. Wood bridge substantially admitted what Mr. Wood drew from his first remark, though he denied it to the last. Mr. Butler urged immediate action in his usual manner, and was sustained by Messrs. Stevens, Farnsworth and Clarke of Kansas, while Messrs. Garfield and Bingham wanted that the matter should be allowed to stand till the committee make a report. Mr. Clarke's resolution for meeting in June to make that report, and to take action thereon, was put through by yeas 63, nays 48. The Senate of course will not act on it, and it will therefore come to nothing.—[Sp. to Boston Adv.

The Washington correspondent of the Lewiston Journal thus alludes to the temperance movement in that city:

This, as well as kindred operations throughout the country, [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. O. of O. F.

ORIENTAL LODGE, No. 60. Regular Meeting, THIS (Monday) Evening at 7½ o'clock. Per order. A. N. YEATON, Secretary.
April 1 eM6m

St. John's Commandery, K. T.

Special Conclave, Monday Evening, April 1st at 7 o'clock. K. T.

MADAME J. F. DERAING.
The Wonderful Fortune Teller,
May be consulted at the N. [illegible] House for a few days, commencing April 3d. ☞ Consultations 50 cents. apr 1 snlw*

CLOTHING!
J. E. CHATMAN has just received at No. 6 Strickland's Block another big stock of Mens' and Boys' CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats & Caps, Oil and Rubber Clothing, Trunks, Valises, which he is selling very cheap. Call and see. apr 1 3m

Sale of Pews.
The Pews in the First Baptist Church—Rev. Mr. Small's, Harlow street—will be sold MONDAY evening April 1st. Sale to begin at 7½ o'clock. Per order. mch 28

City of Bangor.
The Regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on FRIDAY before the First Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M. JOS. F. SNOW, Chairman.
Bangor, March 27. 1867.

Sale of Pews.
The Pews in the Central Church—Rev. Mr. Field's—will be rented on TUESDAY evening next, at half past 7 o'clock. Per order. M. T. STICKNEY, Treasurer.
mch 27 sn

A. G. LEBROKE,
Counsellor and Attorney-at-Law,
FOXCROFT, PISCATAQUIS CO., MAINE
mch 30 snlw*

Wanted,
A NURSE, to take care of a child two months old. Apply at 73 State Street. E. E. PARKER.
mch 21 snif

CHORAL FESTIVAL.
A CHORAL FESTIVAL will be held at Norombega Hall Bangor, commencing on TUESDAY, April 23d at 9 A. M., and continuing *four days*. Singers and Musical people from all parts of the State are invited.
The daily sessions will be devoted to the practice of Choruses from the Oratorio of "The Messiah," and Rossini's "Stabat Mater."
The following talent has been engaged for the Festival:—

SOLOISTS.
Miss J. E. HOUSTON, Soprano, of Boston.
Mrs. J. S. CARY, Contralto, "
Mr. JAMES WHITNEY, Tenore, "
Mr. M. W. WHITNEY, Basso "

ORCHESTRA.
THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB, of Boston, with assistance of Mr. A. STEIN, Double Base.

THREE CONCERTS WILL BE GIVEN.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, *Miscellaneous Concert.*
THURSDAY EVENING, *Oratorio of "The Messiah."*
FRIDAY EVENING, *Rossini's "Stabat Mater."*

And three Public Rehearsals or Matinees.

Each with full chorus, the Soloists and Quintette Club.
SEASON TICKETS—To singers $1 50, to visitors with secured seats at the Concerts $2.00 and $1.50 according to location.
CONCERT TICKETS, with secured seats 50 cents—Rehearsal 25 cents.
Seats may be secured by mail or otherwise, one week in advance. By the courtesy of the Superintendents and Agents of the Maine Central, Portland and Kennebec and Oldtown R. Roads steamer Katahdin, and up river steamboats to Winn, &c, free return tickets will be allowed to those who attend the Festival. No effort will be spared to make this Festival worthy the attention of the best musical talent of the State.
A large chorus is already engaged in rehearsal.
FREDERIC S. DAVENPORT, Bangor, March 25th 1867. Staw DIRECTOR.

127 EXCHANGE STREET.
MARSTON & SON,
SIGN PAINTERS,
mch 26 en2w*

ROBERTS & CO.,
Successors to A. M. Roberts & Son,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Every description of Lumber,
INCLUDING
Masts, Spars, Knees, &c.,
Office corner of Washington and Hancock sts
BANGOR, - - - - MAINE.
A. M. ROBERTS, CHAS. W. ROBERTS, N. GILBERT HIGGINS. mch 8 sndw (Times copy)

Sanford's Independent Line.
FOR BOSTON DIRECT
SPRING ARRANGEMENT FOR 1867.
Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. J. P. JOHNSON, will leave Boston for Winterport, first trip of the season, THURSDAY March 7th at 5 o'clock P. M., and continue to run one trip per week until further notice, as follows: Leave Winterport, for Boston every TUESDAY at 12 o'clock M., touching at all the usual landings.
—RETURNING—
Leave Boston for Winterport, every FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., touching as above.
FARE—From Winterport and Bucksport to Boston $4 00. Meals extra. LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.
Bangor Feb. 7, 1867.

GRAND FLORAL CONCERT
MISS NELLIE M. FLETCHER,
Will commence a class for Children and Misses, at Davenport's Hall on Wednesday, April 3d, at 2 P. M. at the close of which there will be a Grand Floral Concert when the Cantata of the Flower Queen will be given.
Tickets for the course $1.00. mch 21 2w

Dr. Tebbet's Physiological Hair Regenerator.
The wonderful popularity of this Preparation is unprecedented. It is becoming the standard article over everything of the kind, and is the only unobjectionable hair preparation in use.
It positively restores white, gray and faded hair.
It prevents hair from falling off, and often
Reproduces a new growth on bald heads.
Is free from all disagreeable odor.
It does not soil the finest lawn or skin.
Frees the head from humor and dandruff.
Has no equal as a dressing.
Without it no toilet is complete.
Agents—B. F. BRADBURY, Bangor. FOLSOM & CO., Oldtown. dec 11 sn d&w6m

DENTAL NOTICE.
Having bought the Office, Practice, and good will, of Dr. N. S. Jenkins, I am now prepared for the practice of *Dentistry* in all its branches. FILLING, EXTRACTING, CLEANSING.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH
Inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, Gold or Silver, at reasonable rates, and warranted.
E. C. YOUNG, No 3 Union Block, Main Street, over Alden's Drug Store.

BANGOR, September 12, 1866.
It gives me great pleasure to recommend to my patients my successor, Dr. E. C. YOUNG, as a skillful practitioner of Dentistry.
oct 26 sn N. S. JENKINS, D. D. S.

GOOD BARGAINS!
A LARGE STOCK OF
Drugs, Medicines, Patent Remedies, Syringes, Extracts, Perfumery, Toilet Goods, Brushes, English Pickles and Sauces, Perfectly Pure Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Fine Cigars and Tobacco.
All at very low rates. N. S. HARLOW, feb 5 sn 4 Smith's Block.

DR. S. S. FITCH'S "FAMILY PHYSICIAN,"
Seventy-six pages; price 25 cents. Sent to any address. No money required until the book is received, read, and fully approved. It is a perfect guide to the sick or indisposed.
Address DR. S. S. FITCH, 25 Tremont street, Boston.
jan 30 snly

Fisher's Cough Drops.
This certain and effectual cure for Coughs and all diseases of the [illegible] ... refunded. [illegible] ABORN, [illegible] Proprietors, Kennebunk, Maine. [illegible] C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Agents. Sold by all Druggists.

George Pearson Hughes [illegible]

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILL.
A Certain Cure for Diseased Liver and the many Dangerous Maladies which are caused by a morbid condition of that organ.
To give the public a clear understanding of the mode in which SCHENCK'S Mandrake Pills produce those wonderful effects which are attested by thousands of reliable witnesses, we present a brief DESCRIPTION OF THE HUMAN LIVER and its functions, which will make the operation of this popular medicine perceptible to every man's understanding.
The liver is supplied with blood vessels, nerves and absorbents. One of the obvious uses is to secrete and prepare the bile. It likewise filters the blood and separates that fluid from all impurities. How indispensably necessary to health is the proper performance of this function! If the liver is diseased, it cannot purify the blood, and if that is sent back through the lungs brain and other parts in a morbid condition, it must cause jaundice, biliousness, obstruction of the kidneys, gravel, and many other complaints more or less painful and dangerous, but the least of them quite enough to make a man sick and uncomfortable, and unfit for the performance of any of the duties of life. This unhealthy state of the system very often ends in pulmonary consumption.
The circulation of the blood is conducted in this manner:—The heart sends the vital current down through the arteries. It passes through the flesh, taking up all impurities in its progress, then the stream of blood flows backward through the veins and passes to the liver to be purified. It is impossible to cure consumption, scrofula, or scarcely any other kind of ulceration while that important organ, the liver is diseased. It is for that reason that "regular physicians" rarely cure consumption.—They usually begin their treatment with the use of some cough medicine, the basis of which is morphine or opium in some shape, which locks up the liver instead of relaxing the secretions, giving a tone to the stomach, and producing a healthy flow of bile. Dr. Schenck's
Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic, and Mandrake Pills,
will strengthen the system, purify the blood, and ripen and heal ulcers on the lungs.
A volume would be required, to give a brief account of the remarkable cures performed by Dr. Schenck's medicines, viz: Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills—all of which are accompanied by full directions for the use of them.
DR. SCHENCK will be professionally at his rooms every week, 32 Bond street, New York, and 35 Hanover street Boston from 9 A. M. until 3 P. M. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is five (5) dollars. His medicines are for sale by all druggists and dealers. Also a full supply at all times at his rooms. Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each $1.50 per bottle or $7.50 the half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., 38 Hanover street, Agents for Boston. For sale by all druggists. nov 23 sn eitlwly

An Effectual Worm Medicine.
BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,
OR WORM LOZENGES. Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.—This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms so hurtful to children.
CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.
SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's Vermifuge Comfits* is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.
CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.—Sold by all Dealers in Medicines at 25 cts a box. may 21—sn—d&wly

A Cough, a Cold, or A Sore Throat,
REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION, AND SHOULD BE CHECKED. IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,
Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption
IS OFTEN THE RESULT.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF
For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumption and Throat Diseases
TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.
SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS
will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.
OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Nov 26 6md&w

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully, SMOLANDER'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS CURING
Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.
TRY SMOLANDER'S. Take No Other Buchu.
Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO., and N. S. HARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally. Price $1.
BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.
W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.
mch 7 snd&wly

Tefft's New Dental Rooms!
Dr. HENRY F. TEFFT,
(From the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery Philadelphia),
Attends to every department of the science and art of Dentistry, according to the latest improvements, and with all the modern and improved instruments, and in every style of work, at his New Dental Rooms in Bangor,
No. 2 1-2 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,
Corner of Strickland's Block Post Office Avenue.
Turning to the right as you ascend the stairs.
N. B. Teeth examined and advice given without charge. A liberal deduction made to clergymen of all denominations, and their families. feb 20 sa

Tickets for Bangor,
TO ALL POINTS
WEST AND SOUTH!
VIA
New York Central, New York and Erie, AND Pennsylvania Cent'l Railways
For sale at the Union Ticket Office, No. 9 Central Street. P. M. BLAKE, Agent.
sept 13 sn

AUGUSTUS C. HAMLIN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OFFICE AT No. 30, MAIN STREET, Residence, Court Street.
February 4. snif

For Coughs, Colds and Consumption,
Try the old and well known
VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM,
approved and used by our *oldest and most celebrated physicians* for forty years past. Get the genuine.
REED, CUTLER & CO., Druggists, Boston, Proprietors.
jan 11 snd&w6m

DR. SANGER
Has removed his residence from the "Exchange," to 88 Harlow Street, first house beyond the High School.
OFFICE, - - - NO. 10 MAIN STREET
oct 10 sn6m

Physician's Notice.
DR. C. T. NORCROSS has changed his office from room 57 to to No. 43 on the first floor, Hatch House. Invalids, call and see him. If he does not help you he will refund the money—i. e., no help no pay. He cures all who are not beyond the reach of medical aid. Mar 1 5 4w

Dr. Blaisdell's Office,
2½ HARLOW'S BLOCK,
RESIDENCE—69 ESSEX STREET
OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sn

THOMAS J. STEWART,
Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker.
June 1 '66 Office, No. 1 Merchants' Square.

MR. JOHN HOYT,
TEACHER OF
Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice.
Terms will consist of twelve weeks, two lessons per week. [illegible] J. W. Adams [illegible]
[illegible] B. F. BRADBURY [illegible]

"Buy Me and I'll Do you Good"
DR. LANGLEY'S
ROOT and HERB BITTERS.
A STANDARD MEDICINE—without the possibility of a doubt the best remedy known for the following and all kindred diseases: *Indigestion, Costiveness, Liver Complaint, Piles, Headache, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Languor, Lassness, Debility, Jaundice, Flatulency, Humors, Foul Stomach, &c.*
By the timely use of this medicine the blood is purified. The appetite is restored. The system is strengthened. The liver is invigorated. The breath is sweetened. The complexion beautified. And the general health is restored. A gentle laxative. An agreeable tonic. A splendid appetizer. A harmless stimulant. A reviver of drooping spirits.
Sold by dealers in medicine everywhere.
mch 9 sn eowl6w

D. K. HOWARD,
GEN'L FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 96 Exchange Street.
☞ First class risks solicited and placed in the best companies at the lowest rates of premium.
February 12 sn3m

MARRIED.

In this city, March 29th, by Rev. A. Battles, Mr. Edward E. Small, and Miss Ella I. Severance, both of Bangor.

In Bangor, March 30th, by Rev. S. L. B. Chase, Mr. William Walker, and Mrs. Mary A. Sibley, both of B.

In Carmel, March 30th by Hiram Ruggles Esq., Mr. Paul Ruggles of Carmel to Miss Abbie C. Moore, of Newburgh.

DIED.

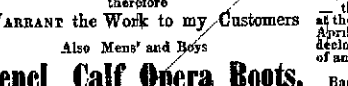
In this city, March 30th, Mrs. Phebe A. Moore, wife of Joseph Moore, aged 61 years, 9 months and 24 days. Skowhegan papers please copy.

NEW BOOKS.
CRAIK'S LIFE OF SHAKSPEARE. Holiday Chaplet. The Sunday Chaplet, by A. L. O. E. Life of Jesus, by Edmund Kirke. The Children's Treasury. New Frankie, Old Bright Aids. Note Book. The Sunday Night. Our Father's Business, by Dr. Guthrie. A new supply of Ecce Deus. apr Rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

European & North American Railway Company.
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
The Stockholders of the European & North American Railway Company are hereby notified to meet at the office of said Company, in Bangor on TUESDAY the thirtieth day of April next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and deciding what action the Company will take in relation to an Act entitled "An Act to extend the Charter of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad Company" and also an act to authorize the City of Bangor to aid the construction of a railroad into Piscataquis County, passed at the last session of the Legislature of this State and to act upon any other matters that may properly come before the meeting.
By order of the Directors.
NOAH WOODS, Clerk.
Bangor, March 25, 1867. april 2w (Times)

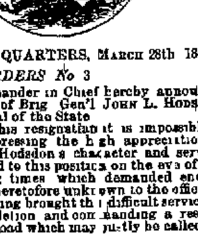
ASSESSORS' NOTICE.
THE inhabitants of the City of Bangor and others having taxable property within said City are hereby notified and requested to bring in to the undersigned, Assessors of said City, true and perfect lists of their Polls, and all their Estates, Real and Personal, including Money on hand or at interest, and debts due more than owing, and all property held in trust as Guardian, Executor, Administrator, or otherwise (except such as is by law exempt from Taxation) which they are possessed of on the first day of April instant, and to be prepared to substantiate the same by oath.
And for the purpose of receiving said Lists and making transfers of Real Estate the undersigned will be in session at their office during the business hours of each day, from the first to the eighteenth of April instant (Sundays excepted) and any personal examination of property by the Assessors will not be considered as a waiver for neglect of any person in bringing in true and perfect lists, as required by law.
☞ Those persons who neglect to comply with this notice will be debarred by law from appealing from the decision of the Assessors on their application for abatements.
HOLLIS BOWMAN,
THOS. W. BALDWIN,
WILLIAM ARNOLD,
Assessors of Bangor.
Bangor, April 1 1867. (Times copy)

SPRING STYLES
—OF—
LADIES', MISSES' & CHILDRENS'
Boots and Shoes.



JUST received from BREED & CO. of Portland, the largest and most reliable Manufacturers in the State of Maine a large variety of his
BEST BOOTS,
Which he has been making expressly for my trade therefore
I WARRANT the Work to my Customers
Also Mens' and Boys
French Calf Opera Boots,
MADE ON THE PLUMER LAST
Mens' & Boys' Oxford Ties.
Also, Boys' and Children's
HATS & CAPS,
OF THE LATEST STYLE
Just received and for sale at
STUBBS',
No 4 MAIN STREET,
April 1 tf UNDER THE HATCH HOUSE

STATE OF MAINE.



HEAD QUARTERS, MARCH 28th 1867.

GENERAL ORDERS No 3

1. The Commander in Chief hereby announces the resignation of Brig. Gen'l JOHN L. HODSDON, Adjutant General of the State.

In accepting this resignation it is impossible to refrain from expressing the high appreciation in which General Hodsdon's character and services are held. Called to this position on the eve of terrible and trying times which demanded energy tact and labor, heretofore unknown to the office, he now retires, having brought this difficult service to a graceful completion and commanding a respect at home and abroad which may justly be called an honorable fame.

His record is written in that proud portion of our history which his own hand has recorded but more deeply and enduringly still in the affectionate remembrance of those who have served or suffered in the war.

2. Brevet Major General JOHN C. CALDWELL having been duly appointed with the advice and consent of the Executive Council is hereby announced as Adjutant General of this State ranking from the 31st inst. and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of the Commander in Chief
SELDEN CONNOR,
apr 1 1w Lt. Col. and Aide de Camp

CRESCENT PAPER COLLAR CO. BOSTON
MANUFACTURE THE
MOST POPULAR COLLARS NOW IN USE,
AND FOR
Ease, Elegance of Fit, & Strength of Material,
ARE UNSURPASSED.
LEADING STYLES.
"CRESCENT," and "GIPSEY," enamelled. "LINEN FINISH," which, being water-proof are taking the lead of all others. "CLIPPER," "L. IMPROVED," "MEDAL," and "SHAKSPEARE."
Dr. Charles T. Jackson, State Assayer, having certified our collars "free from all harmful ingredients."
BUY NO OTHERS.
For sale by dealers generally.
F. A. HAWLEY & CO.,
Manufacturers, Selling Agents and Importers of Men's Furnishing Goods,
13 Otis & 24 Arch Streets, Boston.
apr 1 3taw4w

CARRIAGE WORK
PLATED TO ORDER, &c.
mch 22 1m W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE.

Saddlery Hardware.
A NICE STOCK OF SADDLERY HARDWARE, Harness and Patent Leather.
mch 22 1m W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE.

DOOR PLATES.
NEW PATTERN DOOR PLATES.
mch 22 1m W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE.

Rubber Cloth,
RUBBER WAGON COVERS, ENAMEL MUSLIN DRILL, and DUCK.
W. H. & C. O. SAWTELLE,
mch 22 1m No. 6 Central Street.

List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Bangor Post Office, April 1, 1867. Persons calling for these letters will please say "Advertised," and give the date of list.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A
Atwater, Wm C
B
Brown, A I
Brann, Alonzo R
Bicknell, B R
Brock David
Barton R
Bennett, Thos W
Bartlett, A J Esq
C
Crowley, Florence
Colman, R M
care Capt Coombs
Coney, Dame
D
Done & Brian
Dickinson C J
Dresser, J W
Doherty John E
Durgin, W W
E
Emery, Joseph
Estes Edwin H 2
Emerson, A P Hon
F
Field, Frank A
Ferguson, E
G
Gilaspie Edward
Gardner, Albert
H
Hammond, M F
Hill James
Hardy J E
Houston Danforth
Holland A
J
Jones R M
Joy, Alfred
K
Kieley, Michael
L
Lane W F
Lephart Henry R 2
Lawrence, G F
Libby, B F
M
Merritt, Jos E 2
McLaughlin, John
Mead, J D
N
Newcomb Charlie
O
O'Neil, Hugh
O'Leary, Daniel
P
Paul W I
Philbrick Merrit
Putman, L C
Pond, Rev J E
Paige James S
Plympton, Henry S
Potter C F
Plummer, Chas F
Packard, C H
Q
Quinc, Patt
care James Mitchell
Quarrant, Pierre
R
Roach James
Ross, A I
S
Stone, Mr
Piano Forte Tuner
Straw O W
Snow G M
Stevens Ezra W
Sawyer Chas F
Sawyer, Andrew C
T
Teague, Nathaniel Jr 3
Thurston, Mark
Thayer J M
Tibbetts, J E
Tibbetts Daniel
Toole Capt Christopher
W
Wasgatt, S H
Wiswell Capt F W
Wing A J

LADIES' LIST.

B
Brown Alice
care of Abner J Brown
Barker miss Josie
Blanchard, miss Mary
Blanchard miss Mary R
Bradbury miss Susie M
C
Clancy, Margaret
Corson mrs Keziah
Cotton E J
care of Donald Noble
Conly Bridge
care of Martin Fleming
D
Dugan, mrs Patrick
care M S Doherty
Davis miss Milley S
Durren mrs Mary
Daggett, miss Serena A
F
Flemmar, miss Mary
G
Glispa, miss Sarah
Gould, miss Lucy
H
Hall mrs Nellie H
Hildreth, mrs Mary E
Hollis miss Jennie P
Harding Eliza A
J
Jewett, mrs J F
Jackman, Helen M
Jackson Ada
Johnson mrs Serena
care Martin Johnson
M
McKenny, Esther
Morrison miss Ann
N
Neal miss Annie M
P
Patten mrs Mary
Q
Quimby, mrs Mary E
R
Roberts miss Nellie
Robinson, miss M E 2
Howell, mrs Mary P
S
Sprague miss Lizzie
Sawyer, mrs Hannah
T
Tracy, miss Hannah
W
Wentworth miss Ora E
Weld, Mary E
Wentworth Frances
Whitney, miss Anna A
Y
Young mrs Nellie

CHARLES H. MILLER, P. M.

NEW GOODS.
Spring Dress Goods,
SPRING SHAWLS,
NEW STYLE DeLAINES,
JUST OPENED AT
mch 21 2w RINES & NICHOLS

Boy Wanted,
—AT—
THOMPSON & HICHBORN'S
mch 27 40 Main Street.

PAPER BAGS.
A COMPLETE STOCK,
mch 29 just rec'd by J. W. BARTLETT.

Bartlett's Library.
ECLECTIC MAGAZINE, N. A. Review, Littell, Atlantic, Harper, and all the New Books of the day. mch 29

Initial Stamping Free,
With the latest style large letter
mch 23 at BARTLETT'S

Found,
MARCH 27th on Cedar street, a Ladies GREY FUR COLLAR. The owner can have the same by calling at No 44 Cedar street, proving property and paying charges. mch 28 3t*

Bangor Savings Bank.
THE Semi Annual Meeting of the Trustees of the BANGOR SAVINGS BANK will be held at the Banking Room on MONDAY the first day of April next at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of declaring a dividend, and also for the transaction of any other business which may come before them.
JOHN PATTEN, Secretary.
Bangor, March 28th 1867. 4t*

April Magazines.
HARPER, Atlantic, Leslie, Godey, Ballou, Our Young Folks, Demorest, Arthur and Beadle.
mch 26 received by CHAS. HIGHT.

Notice of Copartnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into copartnership under the name and style of J. W. SWAN & CO., to conduct a general Grocery Business. Location 57 Pickering Square.
J. W. SWAN,
SAMUEL GRANT.
Bangor, March 25 1867. 1w* m27

PERFUMED NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES,
mch 26 For sale by CHAS. HIGHT.

Oil Cloth Curtains.
A GREAT VARIETY of Gilt and other styles.
mch 26 just rec'd by CHAS. HIGHT.

April.
ATLANTIC and YOUNG FOLKS rec'd by
mch 26 D. BUGBEE & CO.

April.
ATLANTIC and Young Folks rec'd by
mch 27 E. F. DUREN.

Signs for the Million!
THE BEST PLACE IN THE CITY:
TO GET
GOOD SIGNS
Of every description, painted cheap is at
H. FURBISH'S,
No 15 STATE STREET
Opposite Lane's Confectionary Manufactory.
mch 13 3w*

G. W. CUMMINGS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Ship Building Materials,
Have now on hand and for sale,
LOT PINE MASTS FROM CANADA,
SPRUCE SPARS and POLES,
Hacmatac Knees of all sizes and Timber,
HARDWOOD TIMBER
Also, furnish at short notice,
SHIP PLANK,
PINE & SPRUCE DECK PLANK
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
—OFFICE—
Head Veazie's Wharf, Washington Street,
mch 22 *BANGOR.* 1&wtf

New Spring Goods.
Just Received by J. P. Bass,
SPLENDID
HOOP SKIRTS,
ALL LENGTHS AND SIZES
mch 21

IF YOU WANT THE LATEST STYLE
—OF—
NECK TIES
—AND—
Gents Furnishing Goods,
CALL AT
DAVIS',
Next Door to the Penobscot Exchange.
March 21 1w

NEW STYLE CLOTHS
—AT—
Davis' Clothing Store,
EXCHANGE STREET,
First Door North of Penobscot Exchange.
March 26 3w

[illegible] AUCTION.
By R. S. PRESCOTT,
No 12 Central Street
Furniture at Auction.
FOR the accommodation of parties desiring of disposing of FURNITURE and CARPETS at Auction during the month of April, sales will be made at the Central Street Auction Room on Wednesday 3d, 10th, 17th and 24th days of April, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Articles sent in on Monday and Tuesday of each week, will be sold on Wednesday.

NEW SPRING GOODS
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
—OF—
SPRING DRESS GOODS!
To which we invite the attention of
HATCH & WILLIAMS
mch 21 d2w 4tw

NO. 68 MAIN STREET
PRINTS, PRINTS,
—AND—
SHEETINGS,
—AT—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
The Largest and Cheapest Stock in the market
—AT—
68 MAIN STREET
HATCH & WILLIAMS
mch 21 d2w 4tw

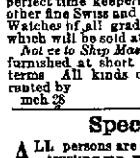
RUSSIA CRASH!
TWO BALES GOOD
RUSSIA CRASH
AT 12½ CENTS.
Hatch & Williams,
mch 21 2w 4tw

HATCH & WILLIAMS
Are now opening a very Full Assortment
—OF—
SPRING SHAWLS,
—IN—
NEW & BEAUTIFUL STYLES
68 MAIN STREET
mch 21 d2w

Famous Americans
OF RECENT TIMES—by Parton.
mch 22 Rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

To Bee-Keepers.
THE Subscribers would call the attention of Bee-Keepers and others interested to their new and improved BEE-HIVE patented by SAMUEL THAYLOR of Burlington Maine October 1866.
The advantages of this Hive over all other are these:
1st. Giving access to all the surplus honey and hive without killing the bees, or destroying any of the hive.
2d. Changing all the comb in the hive once in three years.
3d. Being so constructed that a late swarm not having honey enough to winter and another having a surplus of honey can be wintered together, and with perfect safety.
☞ We are now prepared to sell State County Town Rights on liberal terms to all who wish to purchase. Also can furnish a hive for sample to all purchasing rights of same.
☞ Agents wanted to sell rights.
This Hive can be seen at R. B. DUNNING & CO. Seed Store.
For further particulars address SAMUEL THAYLOR or ANDREW WOODMAN, of Burlington Maine.
S. THAYLOR,
A. WOODMAN.
mch 29 3wd&w*

STANDARD TIME,
By Lowell & Senter's
TRANSIT OBSERVATIONS.



The REGULATOR at No. 3 Smith's Block, is now running at a very fine rate serving as a reliable TEST for those having watches. I shall make it a specialty to keep and furnish the finest grades of WATCHES such as Jules Jergensen and Charles Frodsham, the perfect time keepers that are made. Also other fine Swiss and English Watches & American Watches of all grades in Gold and Silver cases which will be sold at lowest prices.
Notice to Ship Masters and Owners. Chronometers furnished at short notice on the most reasonable terms. All kinds of Watches repaired and warranted by WALTER F. WEBB,
mch 28 No 3, Smith Block.

Special Notice.
ALL persons are cautioned against harboring or trusting my wife RACHAEL E. COLSON on my account, she having left my home without my consent, and without reasonable cause. I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
SIMEON M. COLSON.
Bucksport March 29th 1867.

NEW IMPORTATION!
JUST RECEIVED FROM
JONATHAN CROOKES & SON
Sheffield, (England),
An invoice of one and two blade
POCKET KNIVES
Traders supplied at New York prices.
THOS. JENNESS & SON
mch 27 1w 12 West Market Square.

Oxen for Sale.

TEN PAIR PRIME OXEN in good condition for beef or labor, for sale by PAUL DUDLEY.
Milford, March 23 1867. 1w*

Prices Reduced!
PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.
B. F. BRADBURY,
mch 15 No 8 Smith's Block.

United States Army.
RECRUITING SERVICE
ABLE-BODIED UNMARRIED MEN between the ages of 21 and 35 and not less than five feet five inches high are wanted for the United States Army.
☞ Recruiting Rendezvous at the corner of Main and Broad streets, where full particulars can be had.
Veterans who served honorably in the late war and were wounded in the line of their duty will be enlisted for the Veteran Reserve Corps, provided they are found on medical inspection fit for garrison and other light duty.
Satisfactory evidence of honorable discharge and of having been wounded, will be required.
M. A. COCHRAN,
Capt. 16th Inf and Brvt. Maj. U. S. A.
Recruiting Officer.
Bangor, March 22, 1867.

CHEAPER STILL!
Just Received Another Lot of those
KID GLOVES,
Every pair warranted, selling at
2d QUALITY, - - - $1 00 PER PAIR.
1st " - - - 1.25 PER PAIR.
mch 2w RINES & NICHOLS.

New Room Papers AND BORDERS,
NOW OPENING BY
mch 14 D. BUGBEE & CO.

Fashionable Stationery,
IN great variety, with Initial Stamping.
mch 22 For sale by D. BUGBEE & CO.

April.
HARPER, Ballou, Leslie, Northern Lights, Godey and Peterson, received by E. F. DUREN.
mch 22

DOMES—by Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.
mch 22 Rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE
...ig & Courier.

...latters in Washington

The Cession of Russian America to the United States.

Seven Million Dollars to be Paid to the Russian Government.

The Territory Comprises Over Eight Million Square Miles.

A Revolutionary Movement Reported in Spain.

The Lindell House, St. Louis, Destroyed by Fire—Loss $,600,000.

Later Advices from Mexico.

Maximilian Making Overtures to President Juarez.

European Intelligence.

The Government Reform Bill in the British House of Commons—Speech of Disraeli.

WASHINGTON, March 30.

It is true, as reported that the President communicated to the Senate to-day a treaty with Russia, by which that power surrenders to the United States the sovereignty over all of Russian America and the adjacent islands. The price to be paid for this territory is about seven millions of dollars. The territory is about 4,394,000 square miles. It nearly but not altogether excludes British America from the ocean. Its chief value consists in its fisheries and its fur trade. The treaty was signed early this morning and sent to the Senate shortly afterward.—The treaty will have to be ratified by the Senate, and both Houses of Congress must concur in making an appropriation for the payment of the purchase money before the treaty is consummated fact.

WASHINGTON, March 31.

The receipts from internal revenue sources are more than $214,000,000 since the 1st of July, 1865—that is, for three-fourths of the fiscal year. It is said in official circles that there is no good reason for supposing that the revenue from this source will fall below the estimates, in fact it is confidently believed that they will exceed them. The income tax is yet to be collected, and according to the provisions of the mandatory act of the 2d inst. is to be collected by the 30th of April. The condition of this branch of the national revenues is encouraging, notwithstanding the depression that at first sight would seem to threaten a serious deficit.

The United States Supreme Court will resume its session tomorrow. All the Judges are expected to be present, with the exception of Justice Grier, whose health is still feeble.

NEW YORK, March 31.

A Havana letter of the 23d states that a revolutionary proclamation had been received from Spain, by many prominent persons, calling all Spaniards to arms for the overthrow of the Queen and the establishment of a Republican government in Spain.

The small pox had disappeared from Matanzas.

Sterling exchange 7@8 per cent premium on the 22d.

Marshal Bazaine was at Havana.

Another revolution in Hayti is reported. It is headed by Prospero Elie. A son of Elie was killed and tranquility restored.

Another account says Jeffcard had been defeated and fled to Jamaica. This, the Havana Diario says, is from a trustworthy source.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.

The Lindell House, the largest building of this kind in the country if not in the world, was totally destroyed by fire last evening.

The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is said to have broken out in the fifth story about 8 o'clock, but the alarm was not given until 9.

Two months after the house was built, it was bought by Ames & Co. for $373,000.—Their insurance was $310,000.

The losses were Hatch, Weaver & Felt, whose loss is $300,000; insured $100,000.

There were about 400 guests in the House. The total loss will not be less than $1 600-

NEW YORK, March 31.

Gen. Bourgeard has written a letter to the New York papers, recommending submission by the South to the Congressional requirements, and that means be taken to secure the negro vote against the radicals.

NEW YORK, March 31.

Vera Cruz correspondence of March 15th states that Marshal Bazaine and the rear-guard of the French army—the Egyptian—had embarked on the 13th. More than half that corps remain under the soil of Mexico.

The French flags about the city were lowered and replaced by the emblem of Mexico.

A large quantity of war material was sold to the Imperialists by the French.

The city was in a state of seige. Martial law had been declared and the gates closed.

It was feared that the troops inside the city would pronounce for Juarez as soon as the Liberals appear in front of the capital.

All communication with the interior had been cut off, and only news of a doubtful character could be obtained.

It was rumored that Maximilian had agreed to abdicate if Juarez would consent to abide the decision of the people for or against the Empire.

NEW YORK, March 31.

The Steamship City of Paris, from Liverpool 20th, and Queenstown 21st, with 797 passengers, arrived at this port this evening. She brings some interesting details of news in addition to cable advices.

In the House of Commons on the 18th Mr. Disraeli proposed the (Government) Reform scheme. He said that with a view to settling the reform question the Government proposed household franchise, with two years' residental and tax-paying conditions. Out of 723,000 householders in England and Wales, non-voters, the proposition enfranchises 237,000, increasing borough voters to 361,000. The principle left 486,000 householders without vote, who, as they did not pay their votes would not become qualified. The Government thought it desirable to afford compound householders an opportunity to obtain the privilege of voting upon fulfilling their constitutional duties; but did not state, however, what form the opportunity would take. He then enumerated the fancy franchises, viz: a vote to every person who pays twenty shillings in direct taxes, a vote to possessors of £50 in a savings bank or the funds, and to members of the learned profession. He contradicted the statement that the possessor of any of these four franchises would have a vote in addition to the one to which he was entitled as a householder, and explained that any person who paid Rs., either as trustee or guardian, lands, but not taxes paid under Queens, should stamp into the privilege of both franchises. The Government proposals to reduce the county franchise 12l rental.

Mr. Disraeli concluded by saying that he would add nearly [illegible] to the boroughs and [illegible] to the counties.

Mr. Gladstone's speaking criticised and [illegible] to accept Mr Disraeli's figures [illegible]

voters" as men in bookrum, denounced dual voting, and expressed the opinion that the bill would not pass as a whole.

It is stated that the Pope has agreed to allow Italian troops to enter the pontifical States to help the pontifical troops suppress bolygandays.

It is announced that the Emperor of Russia has extended amnesty to all Frenchmen exiled to Siberia for complicity in the late Polish rebellion.

PORTLAND, March 31.

The steamship Moravian, Captain Aston sailed a. 4½ this morning.

The steamship St David sailed at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Liverpool.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 30.

The Sprague purchase is being consummated today. A final transfer of the water power and other property has been made.—The entire amount paid for the property is about $565,000, of which amount the city assumes $250,000, payable mostly in municipal bonds, running 20 years. It is expected that the Messrs. Sprague will commence operations immediately.

OTTAWA, March 31.

A message received by the cable today, from Provincial Secretary McDougal, states that the Inter-Colonial Road guarantee bill passed the committee of the House of Commons by a large majority.

The confederate bill has received the royal assent.

Active preparations are being made to increase the tariff on lumber this season.

The American millionaires on Chaudiere River have commenced to construct piers for a boom opposite this city, which is intended to hold the immense number of saw-logs which have been cut during the winter on the upper Ottawa.

Discounts on American invoices this week 25 per cent.

NEW CASTLE, Del., March 30.

John Till killed his brother Henry today near New Castle during a quarrel about some tobacco. Till was arrested and lodged in jail.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.

The steamship Golden Age sailed for Panama today with $843,000 in treasure.

Legal tenders 75.

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK, March 30. SECOND BOARD. Stocks active—U. S. 6-20 coupons 1862, 105¾; do. 1864 coupons 107⅜; do 1865, 108¼; do. new issue, 107¾; U. S. 10-40s coupons, 98; U S 7-30s, 1st series, 106; do 2d series, 105⅝; do. third series, 106¾. American Gold 134. Money 7 per cent.

Markets.

NEW YORK, March 30. Cotton is heavy—sales 2100 bales—middling uplands sold at 30¾ cents.—Flour is dull and Western less active, and common grades are 5@10 cents lower while medium and good grades are firm—sales 6,800 bbls.—State 9,70 @ 12,75; Round Hoop Ohio 11,85@13,90. Western 9,70 @13,90; Southern—sales 240 barrels at 11,25@17,50; California firm—sales 1200 at 15,00@15,00. Wheat —spring is dull and 1@2 lower, with the winter 2@5 cents lower—Corn 1@2 cents lower—Mixtures No. 2 at 2,45@2,50; A uber State 0,00; Canada, white, 3,31 Oats is a shade easier—sales 70,000 bushels; mixed Western, 1,79@1,95; white Western, 2,00; yellow Southern, new, 0,00. Oats are heavy—sales 49,000 bushels; Western, 99@97; State 70@73; Ohio 0,00@0 Beef is steady—new plain mess at 12,00@ 0,00; new extra do. 14,00 @ 17,00. Pork is lower—sales 4450 bbls—new mess 24,50; prime 19,75@23,15. Butter dull—sales Ohio at 30@35.—State at 39@33.—Lard is heavier—sales 1200 bbls at 15¾@15¾ for new Stearn quiet; small sales Muscovado at 9¾@10¼. Rice quiet and steady. Coffee is quiet and firm. Molasses quiet. Naval stores quiet, firm. Spirits turpentine 78@79. Rosin 4 12@9,20. Petroleum quiet; crude 16½; refined bonded 24½@27. Oils are quiet; linseed 1,20@1,31. Tallow active and firmer—sales 44,000 lbs.—new 10½@11¾. Wool is without great change—sales 350,000 pounds, at 49@61½ for domestic fleece. 60@60 for pulled, 24@34 for Texas, and 37@ 42 in gold for Cape.

Freights to Liverpool lower—Cotton 8-32d by sail and 5-16d by steamer; corn per sail 9d.

CHICAGO, March 30. Flour is dull and declining, brands scarce—sales 2,00 barrels at 13,50@16,00. Wheat active and firm, and advanced 1@2 for No. 1; closing firm at 2,32@2,36. Corn closed firm at 96¼ for No. 1, in store.

Fortieth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 30.

SENATE.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the rule of the executive session requiring nominations not acted upon to be returned to the President after the close of the session, was suspended so as to allow nominations now pending in executive session to be considered until acted upon.

Mr Sumner gave notice that, on the first Wednesday of July, he would call up a bill or universal suffrage throughout the United States. He had reason to believe (he said) that there would be a quorum present on that day.

At 10:45 the Senate went into executive session.

At 12 o'clock the doors were re-opened and the President pro tem declared the Senate adjourned, under the resolution of yesterday, until the first Wednesday in July.

HOUSE.

Mr Thomas presented a memorial from the Mayor and members of the City Council of Baltimore, asking Congress to assist the people of Maryland to form a State government, republican in form and in unison with the spirit of the age. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr Benton asked leave to offer a resolution tendering thanks to Gen. Sheridan for the removal of the Louisiana officials from the places which they disgraced, and the appointment of loyal men.

Fernando Wood objected and the resolution was not received.

The House proceeded to the business on the Speaker's table and concurred in a number of Senate bills as amended.

Mr Laflin offered a resolution that the report of the Congressional printer on the purchase of paper be taken from the table. Referred to the Committee on Printing with power to investigate the same and to send for persons and papers and to sit during the recess of Congress. Agreed to.

Mr Lynch, on leave, introduced a bill to establish certain post routes in Maine.—Passed.

The Speaker presented a message from the President in relation to signing the bill appropriating money to carry out the reconstruction bill. Laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

The Speaker announced Messrs Laflin and Brooks as the committee to wait on the President.

Twelve o'clock having arrived, the Speaker announced in accordance with the concurrent resolution, the House adjourned to the first Wednesday in July next at noon. Applause and clapping of hands on the floor and in the galleries followed. The members and officers exchanged parting expressions of good will and separated.

[By Cable to the Associated Press.]

London, March 28—Evening. The Grecian Government has asked the leading powers of Europe to intervene for the prevention of further bloodshed in Candia.

London, March 29. In the House of Commons last night, the proposition of Government to guaranty the Candia railroad loan was agreed to.

Paris, March 29. The coronation of Francis Joseph as King of Hungary will take place in July next.

London, 29—Evening. Consols closed at 91¼ for money.

American Securities—Five-twenties, 75; Illinois Central, 78½; Erie, 39.

Liverpool, March 29. The cotton market was quiet throughout the day and transactions slight; prices unchanged; middling uplands 12½; middling Orleans 13¼.

Advices from Manchester is unfavorable. The market for goods and yarns is depressed and exhibits a declining tendency.

Falmouth, March 29 The steamship Fulton, from New York 16th, arrived here today, and after landing her mails and passengers, proceeded to Havre.

London, March 29. A despatch from Odessa reports a terrible storm on the Black Sea in which several vessels were wrecked with some loss of life.

It is announced that King George of Greece is soon to marry a niece of Queen Victoria.

Breadstuffs—Market easier. Corn declining 2d per quarter, and closed at 39s for mixed Western. Flour—Western State quoted 30s 6d per bbl.

A Hideous Face on Grass.

[illegible]

LOCAL AND MAINE ITEMS.

TEMPERANCE LECTURES. Rev. L. J. Fletcher of Bath, who is lecturing upon temperance through the State, under the auspices of the Sons of Temperance, delivered two able and effective addresses yesterday at Norombega Hall in our city. In the afternoon he spoke to twelve or fifteen hundred of the children, and many adults, and was very earnest and happy in his remarks, urging the young affectionately and forcibly to commence in the time of their youth habits of total abstinence, which will last them through life. In the evening the hall was filled with a large audience of adults, a great proportion of whom were young men and women in the morning of life—of those who are soon to control society and guide the destinies of the nation. The address was earnest, candid, and well calculated to be effective—without harsh invective or bitterness of denunciation, and therefore more likely to convince both the heart and intellect, and lead to conviction and reform. Mr. Fletcher seems the right kind of a man for a lecturer, and is doing a great work, especially in securing the habits and influence of the young in the cause of total abstinence—a work which will tell with immense effect upon the country within the next ten or twenty years. He will have the pledge presented to all the children of our schools—embracing abstinence from intoxicating drinks, from tobacco and from profanity—In the short time he has been lecturing he has already obtained 4000 signatures, and expects to go 30,000 before he finishes his work in the State.

—The pews in the First Baptist Church (Rev. Mr. Small) will be rented this (Monday) evening. Parties interested will find it necessary to be present in order to secure seats for the coming year.

—Rev. Mr. Underwood who has been laboring as an Evangelist, or a revival preacher, in different places in this State during the past season, has been invited to spend a few weeks in Bangor. He commences his labors the present week at the Firs. Parish Church. He will preach in that church this (Monday) evening, and every evening until further notice. He will also preach Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons. Meetings to commence at 3 and 7½ o'clock. All are invited to attend.

—A special meeting of the Bangor Bridge Company is to be held at the counting room of the First National Bank this afternoon, to act upon various matters set forth by advertisement in this paper.

The shores owned by the Penobscot Lumbering Association are to be lessed at auction for one year, at the office of Abram Moor, Esq., Treasurer of the Association to-morrow (Tuesday) at 10 A. M.

—The Annual Meeting of the Mt. Hope Cemetery Corporation for choice of officers, &c., will be held to-day at 10 A. M., at the office of the Merchants' Marine Insurance Company.

—The Annual Meeting of the Great Works Milling and Manufacturing Co. will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 11 a. m. for choice of officers, &c., at the office of Messrs. Emery and Bake.

—Our thanks are due Hon. John A. Peters for public documents—among them the report of the Committee on the New Orleans riot.

—Miss Nellie M. Fletcher commences a class in singing for Children and Misses at Davenport Hall, on Wednesday, April 8.—At the close of the term there will be a Grand Floral Concert.

OPENING AND CLOSING OF THE RENDEZVOUS. To enable our friends to guess intelligently about the opening of the river, we re-publish the record of the times of opening and closing for the last fifty years—copying from the City Directory of S. S. Smith up to 1866, and from our files since that time. (We are glad to know that Messrs. Smith & Hill will issue a new directory this spring.) By the table it will be seen that since 1856 the ice has remained in the river at late as the middle of April, twenty times, and five times it was later than the 20th.

	Closed.		Opened.
1816	November	28,	
1817	"	23,	
1818	December	10,	May 1,
1819	"	5,	April 19,
1820	November	28,	" 18,
1821	December	1,	" 16,
1822	"	5,	" 10,
1823	"	9,	" 19,
1824	"	12,	" 11,
1825	"	14,	" 5,
1826	"	16,	" 2,
1827	"	6,	" 1,
1828	"	18,	" 14,
1829	"	16,	" 9,
1830	"	8, Jan. 9,	" 9,
1831	"	3,	" 9,
1832	"	4,	" 19,
1833	"	1,	" 9,
1834	"	9,	" 8,
1835	November	27,	" 17,
1836	"	27,	" 12,
1837	"	27,	" 15,
1838	December	24,	" 21,
1839	"	1,	" 17,
1840	"	1,	" 1,
1841	"	29,	" 17,
1842	November	19,	March 21,
1843	"	30,	April 21,
1844	"	27,	" 12,
1845	December	7,	" 21,
1846	"	16,	*March 29
1847	"	21,	April 26
1848	"	21,	" 12,
1849	"	17,	" 12,
1850	"	8,	" 8,
1851	"	30,	" 21,
1852	"	16,	" 5,
1853	"	8,	" 27,
1854	"	5,	" 15,
1855	"	7,	" 16,
1856	"	1,	" 8,
1857	"	10,	" 11,
1858	"	12,	March 31,
1859	"	9,	April 15,
1860	"	7,	" 1,
1861	"	20,	" 15,
1862	"	3,	" 8,
1863	"	2,	" 5,
1864	"	12,	" 8,
1865	"	18,	March 31,
1866	"	19,	April 14,

*Great Freshet.

—Quite a large company of ladies and gentlemen filled the Commercial College Rooms of Messrs. Worthington, Warner & Smith on Friday evening, as the guests of the students of the Institution. In addition to the usual enjoyments of these social gatherings, such as singing, dancing, games of forfeit, and other pastimes, the occasion was made interesting by the presentation by the students and members of the Bangor Commercial Debating Club to Mr. & Mrs. A. P. Smith of an elegant silver tea-service, and to Mr. E. F Blossom, a beautiful silver goblet. After the presentation, came an oyster supper, provided by Whitney & Cole. The music for the dancers was by Spencer's Quadrille Band.

THE LAST SNOW SCENE. While we had at Bangor from a foot to eighteen inches of heavy snow, there was but two or three at Newport, 25 miles west of here, and none at Kenduskeag. One of the drivers out of the Exchange stage there was just turning a four horsed team, which had been out of the city there upon a drive.

[illegible]

—We invite all the special attention of our patrons to the advertisement of the "Crescent Paper Collar Company," of Boston, in our issue of to-day. The well known reputation of the old firm of F. A. Hawley & Co., the Selling Agents, is a guarantee of what they say. They were the first to introduce paper collars as an article of commerce, and have now brought them to such perfection that they are, without doubt, the most economical and best fitting collars in use.—Their new "Linen Finish" collars, having the appearance of real linen, and being water proof, approach the nearest to a real linen collar of any yet made.

CARMEL, March 31, 1867.

Messrs. Wheeler & Lynde:

We had the pleasure to listen to one of the most thrilling lectures upon the subject of temperance here, last evening that we ever heard, from the Rev. L. J. Fletcher, agent of the board of Trustees of the Lecture and Tract Fund of the Sons of Temperance," at the Town Hall in this village. The hall was pretty well filled, "but there was room for one more." I never witnessed better attention to a lecture of any kind; and especially by the youthful part of the audience, to whom a large portion of the address was directed. In short the address was a perfect success here.

Yours truly,

J. D. WARREN.

—Mr. Edward Heath, who has been appointed Mayor of New Orleans by General Sheridan, was born in this State, town of Litchfield (we think). He is about 44 years of age and has been a resident of New Orleans 25 years. His business is that of a merchant. Politically he was a Whig. He has never meddled with politics otherwise than to vote. During and since the rebellion he has been an ardent, whole souled Union man. He is remarkably free from ostentation, very quiet in appearance. He was active in furnishing comforts to the Union prisoners captured at first Bull Run. Probably Gen. Sheridan could not have appointed any man of as decided Union sentiment who would have been more acceptable to the people of New Orleans.

A CAUTION. The Portland Advertiser says the dwelling house of S. L. Carleton, Esq., on Munjoy, had a narrow escape from fire recently. Previous to retiring, the servant girl placed a large quantity of spruce wood on the stove in the nursery for the purpose of drying it, and then closed the door of the stove. Soon after midnight Mr. Carleton was awakened by his neighbor, Mr. Mansfield, who thundered at the door, and informed Mr. C. that the house was on fire. Jumping out of bed, Mr. C. and his son hastened to the nursery, and found the pile of wood on the stove burning fiercely. The house was filled with smoke, but, as none of the wood had fallen off, no damage was done.

KNOX AND LINCOLN RAILROAD. Colonel Asa W. Wildes, of Skowhegan, and C. J. Noyes, Esq., of Brunswick, have commenced their surveys to ascertain distances upon each of three routes for this road—to Bath, Eastwood's Crossing, and to Richmond.—These gentlemen are to select a third engineer, an impartial man, to estimate with them the cost of building a bridge across the Kennebec at Bath.

THE MACHIAS STEAMER. The Press says the people on the route of the Machias steamer, at the various landings, greeted the City of Richmond on her first trip with a hearty welcome, and flocked on board in large numbers, expressing their gratification at her improved appearance and enlarged accommodations.

—The Argus says that on Thursday afternoon last, Freddie, son of Charles York, an engineer of the Grand Trunk Railroad, while at play, near the crossing below the Alpine House in Gorham, N. H., got his foot caught some way on the rail just as the engine came up, which passed over his leg crushing it terribly below the knee.

DEXTER AND NEWPORT RAILROAD. The meeting of the Company for organization will be held at the Town Hall in Dexter on Wednesday next, April 3, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors and to take all necessary measures for a complete organization, and to raise the requisite funds to build the road. There is no doubt whatever of the success of this enterprise.

—The Ellsworth American says if a sermon on the "Fast Young Man" should be preached in Ellsworth, and all should go to hear it that are on the train that always runs on a *downward* grade with *steam* up and no brakeman at hand, there would be a full house.

—We learn by the "Voice" from Patten, that the teams in that vicinity will get in this winter, 40,000,000 of lumber, which will be worth half a million of dollars; also that the merchants of that village will buy this season 2,000,000 of shingles which will be worth at Bangor, $12,000.

—The Argus says that Jones, lately tried in Portland, for arson, has been sentenced to death. He received the sentence with complete stolidity, but after returning to jail became furious with rage, and paced his cell, gnashing his teeth and uttering imprecations

—Ambrose H. Abbot, Esq., of So. China, will leave his home this week to take passage for Fr nce, to enter upon his duties as Commissioner from Maine to the Exposition at Paris, to which position he has been appointed by Gov. Chamberlain.

—The Farmington Chronicle says the estimate of the logging operations of Messrs. Stewart & Eames, the present winter, on Dead River, is three million feet of about equal parts of pine and spruce.

—The Newburyport Herald says "Maine is doing more to increase its manufactures than any other State in New England.—There is nothing to prevent it being the leading State of this section, in a few years."

—A second steamer will soon be put on the route between St. John and Boston. A new steamer, to run the coming season between Eastport, St. Andrews and Calais, has arrived at Calais.

—The Farmer, speaking of trees cut in this State, which yielded boards 28 inches in width, in a growth of 40 years, says that a crop of lumber may be grown in Maine every fifty years.

—The Saco Times understands that the railroad committee are busily engaged in perfecting the plans and estimates for the road from that city to Rock and.

—Samuel Drew of Hallowell, mate of the brig Ida McLeod, was lost overboard on the 18th inst., while on the passage from Newport to Rotterdam.

ANOTHER FATAL ACCIDENT FROM INTEMPERANCE. The Boston Times says:

We learn that a fatal accident occurred on the St. Andrews Railroad on Friday last, near a place called Mountain road. The man, whose name was Gillespie, was lying across the track, supposed to be under the influence of liquor. The down train ran over him before the engineer could stop it, cutting off both legs and one arm, and otherwise mangling the body. He died in a few hours after the accident.

To Dr. JENNINGS, Room 45 Parker House

For the benefit of others—I wish to state, that less than three weeks ago my daughter could scarcely see to read at all, was troubled with noises in her head, and was dull of hearing. For a long time has been troubled with a bad humor in and about her head, also subject to the headache for years. I called on Dr. Jennings at the Parker House: he said he could help her, and commenced treatment. The improvement in her case has been great, much more than I could have expected, in so short a time. She can now see to read the finest print, her hearing is better, and her humor is fast disappearing, and she has been entirely cured of the headache.

The afflicted should not fail to see.

The man who has done so much for me.

N. P. BENJAMIN,

(Of the firm of Wood, Brightman & Co.)

New Bedford, May 2, 1866.

Office hours from 8 to 12, and 1½ to 4½ o'clock. mch 23

A LARGE STOCK

—OF—

Teas, Flour,
Coffees, Pork,
Sugars, Lard,
Tobaccos,

DRY AND GREEN APPLES,

Pickles by the Barrel or Gallon,

Gherkins in gallon or half gallon jars,

A large variety of Soaps, and

PURE SPICES OF ALL KINDS

ALSO,

Citron, Sultana and Layer Raisins,

Macaroni, Tapioca, Sago, Maizena, Farina and Corn Starch,

Bed Cords, Clothes Lines, Wrapping Paper and Twine, Wooden Ware of all kinds,

Brooms, Pails, Tubs,
Ball Baskets and Boxes,
Molasses Buckets, Sieves, Measures,
Wash Boards, Mop Handles,
Clothes Pins and Baskets,

AT WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

BY

NORTON & FARRINGTON.

All goods delivered free of charge.

January 8

CORSETS, CORSETS

To be had Cheap, at the

BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

mch 7 3 CENTRAL STREET.

BUTTONS.

IN EVERY VARIETY, AT THE

BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

mch 7 3 CENTRAL STREET.

HOOP SKIRTS!

IN THE LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

CALL AT THE

BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

mch 7 3 CENTRAL STREET.

DR. JENNINGS,

OCULIST AND AURIST,

HAVING met with eminent success in his practice in Fall River and New Bedford, for over two years, in removing Cataracts, Ulcers, Inflammation, and other diseases from the eye—restoring hearing, &c., has taken Rooms No. 38 and 39 at the Bangor House, where he will be happy to render his professional services to all those afflicted with the above-named maladies. As long and undoubted proofs of his ability to perform whatever he advertises, the public can depend that he will not take any one under his care or practice without benefiting or curing.

Below are a few of the numerous certificates he is constantly receiving

DR. JENNINGS—*Dear Sir*—For the benefit of others, I wish to state, that some sixteen months since, Mrs. Thurston received an injury in the eye, which caused an obstinate inflammation much suffering, impaired the sight, and feared might destroy it altogether. We employed various remedies, consulted a distinguished Oculist, of Boston, but all without permanent relief. A few weeks ago we consulted you, and by your treatment the inflammation has been reduced, the pain relieved, the sight restored, with every present prospect of a permanent cure. We have every reason to think and speak well of your treatment.

REV. E. THURSTON.

Fall River, Sept. 26, 1865.

P. S. Any reference to me, I shall be most happy to answer by mail or otherwise.

State of Mass., Bristol Co., Fall River.

I take this method of expressing my gratitude to Dr. J. M. Jennings for his successful treatment in the case of my daughter, whose eyes had been affected for five years; to such an extent as to become ulcerated; also the formation of cataracts upon both the eyes, which had nearly destroyed her sight; she had been under the treatment of other physicians, had failed to help her. It is now five years since she commenced the treatment, and in six months was entirely cured. I would cheerfully recommend him to all those afflicted.

WM. V. HUNTSMAN.

Fall River, August 24, 1865.

This may certify that I am acquainted with Dr. Jennings, and his system of treating deafness and loss of eye-sight. I am using his remedies for deafness. So far as I have seen, the benefit resulting from those who have been under his treatment, I feel no hesitation in recommending it to those who are suffering from the above diseases.

DR. I. FISKE.

To Dr. JENNINGS, Room 45 Parker House

For the benefit of others—I wish to state, that less than three weeks ago my daughter could scarcely see to read at all, was troubled with noises in her head, and was dull of hearing. For a long time has been troubled with a bad humor in and about her head, also subject to the headache for years. I called on Dr. Jennings at the Parker House: he said he could help her, and commenced treatment. The improvement in her case has been great, much more than I could have expected, in so short a time. She can now see to read the finest print, her hearing is better, and her humor is fast disappearing, and she has been entirely cured of the headache.

The afflicted should not fail to see.

The man who has done so much for me.

N. P. BENJAMIN,

(Of the firm of Wood, Brightman & Co.)

New Bedford, May 2, 1866.

Office hours from 8 to 12, and 1½ to 4½ o'clock. mch 23

United States Internal Revenue.

FOURTH COLLECTION DISTRICT OF MAINE,
Assessor's Office, Oldtown, March 26, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That at the offices of the Assessor of said District in Oldtown, in the County of Penobscot, on THURSDAY the 18th day of April, A. D. 1867, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, appeals will be received and determined by me, the undersigned, relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations, by the Assessor of said District, or by the Assistant Assessor of any Division or Assessment District within said Fourth Collection District, returned in the annual list for the year 1867.

The law prescribing the duty of Assessors in relation to appeals, provides that "All appeals to the Assessor shall be made in writing, and shall specify the appearance of real linen, and being wa- the particular cause, matter, or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and shall state the ground or principle of error complained of."

GEORGE P. SEWALL,
Assessor 4th District of Maine.

mch 9—tapr6

BROWN & LEIGHTON,

WILL CARRY ON THE

MEAT BUSINESS,

At the Old Stand, Pickering Square,

Where may be found the best assortment of

FRESH and SALTED MEATS,

VEGETABLES,

HOUSED TRIPE,

PIGS FEET, &c., &c,

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

CALL AND SEE THEM. mch 18 tf

THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE DAY!

Woman's Protection has Come at Last,

BY THE USE OF

ROLLINS & NEALEY'S

Mop Wringer!

IT can be attached to any Mop Handle—very easy to work—a child five years old can wring a mop with ease. The hands are not exposed to either hot, cold, or dirty water. This Wringer was patented Feb. 1, 1867, by Rollins & Nealey, who propose to sell only County and State Rights.

Persons wishing to invest in the best selling Patent in the United States will please call on JAMES NEALEY, 106 Main-st., Bangor.

Feb. 27 tf

FOGG & BRIDGES,

Manufacturers' Agents for

ZINC WASH BOARDS,

Are prepared to supply the CITY TRADE at

FACTORY PRICES,

in quantities to suit purchasers.

Call and buy of us and save your freight from Boston. FOGG & BRIDGES,

mch 16 47 West Market Square.

Aroostook Railroad!

CLOSING

—AT—

OLD PRICES.

NEW STOCK

RECEIVED THIS WEEK AT

GIBBONS' NEW STORE,

EXCHANGE ST.,

Third Door from State Street, Bangor.

CUSTOM WORK MADE TO ORDER.

dec 23 HUGH GIBBONS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BEEBE'S SPRING STYLE

Silk Hat.

MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

Rubber Sandals,

FOR FIFTY CENTS.

BOOTS and SHOES,

OUT OF STYLE, AT SHOE WORN.

CHEAP.

At T. HERSEY & CO.'S,

mch 6 3m No. 20 MAIN STREET.

Are you Insured?

National Insurance Co.,

BOSTON,

J. B. FOSTER & CO., Agents.

YONKERS & NEW YORK

INSURANCE COMPANY,

J. B. FOSTER & CO., Agt's.

March 6th, 1867.

THROUGH TICKETS!

TO ALL PARTS OF THE

WEST!

$6 LESS

Than by any other Route, from Maine to all Points West, via the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY!

Or $3 Less via Boston & Vermont Centra.

Tickets at Lowest Rates

Via Boston, New York Central, Buffalo and Detroit.

For information apply at Grand Trunk Agents, or at 22 West Market Square.

WM. FLOWERS,
Eastern Agent.

Dec. 31, 1866

EXTRA CLEAR PORK.

65 Barrels very Heavy Extra Clear

MILWAUKEE PORK,

DAYTON & CO. BRAND,

Just received and for sale by

feb 19 S. H. Dale & Co.

DR. SWEETS

INFALLIBLE LINIMENT,

THE GREAT EXTERNAL REMEDY, CURES

Rheumatism, Cuts and Wounds,
Neuralgia, Toothache,
Stiff Neck and Joints, Sores,
Bruises, Burns and Scalds,
Headache, Chilblains,
Gout Bites and Stings.
Lumbago, Sprains,

Also, the most efficient remedy for LAMENESS SPRAINS, GALLS, SCRATCHES, &c., in horses.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Manufacturers and Sole Agents. Sold by all Druggists.

mch 16 sneow 16w

GEO. F. ROGERS & CO.,

Wholesale and Commission Dealers in

Fish, Lobsters and Turtle.

Stands, Nos. 7 & 8 Fulton Fish Market,

NEW YORK.

References, PENOBSCOT EXPRESS.

dec 26 Sand 61 Main Street.

THE

BANGOR HOUSE.

FOR RENT FOR A TERM OF YEARS, commencing the first day of May next, that well known and fine stone Hotel, THE BANGOR HOUSE, Bangor, Maine.

Apply to GILBERT ATTWOOD, No. 14 Merchant's Exchange, Boston, or to JOHN A. RICE, 24 Merchant's Exchange, Boston.

Bangor, January 1867. 1tf

BLANKS

For Every Kind of Business,

FOR SALE AT

NO. 4, BOWMAN'S BLOCK,

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF GREAT WORKS MILLING and MANUFACTURING COMPANY, are hereby notified that their annual meeting will be held at the office of Emery & Blake, in Bangor, on TUESDAY, April 2d, at 11 o'clock A. M., to choose officers for the ensuing year, and act on any other business that may come before the meeting.

H. H. EMERY, Sec'y.

Bangor, March 26th, 1867. tm

Mount Hope Cemetery Corporation.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the members of said Corporation, will be held at the office of the "Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Company, on MONDAY the first day of April next, at two o'clock P. M., for the choice of officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting.

JOHN BRIGHT, Sec'y.

Bangor, March 25th, 1867 tm

Dexter and Newport Railroad Meeting.

THE Subscribers to the Capital Stock of the DEXTER and NEWPORT RAILROAD COMPANY, are hereby notified that in pursuance of a vote of the Company, passed March 5th, 1867, and in accordance with an act of the Legislature approved February 28th, 1867, a meeting of said subscribers will be held at the Town Hall, in Dexter, on WEDNESDAY the third day of April next, at one of the clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing Directors and all other proper officers, establishing by-laws, taking all measures necessary to complete the organization of the Company, to obtain the necessary funds to build the railroad, and lease the same, and of doing whatever may be proper to accomplish the enterprise.

Each subscriber is entitled to one vote for every one hundred dollars of stock subscribed for by him.

GILMAN M. BURLEIGH,
Chairman of said Company.

JOSIAH CROSBY, Clerk.

March 9, 1867. m13 3wd

Bangor Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders and Proprietors of the BANGOR BRIDGE COMPANY, are hereby notified that a Special Meeting will be held at the Banking Room of the First National Bank in Bangor, on MONDAY, the first day of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to act upon the following matters:

To authorize the Directors to make a contract with the Bangor Gas Light Company, to light the Bridge with gas light.

To adopt measures for the repair and protection of the Bridge Piers.

To authorize the Directors to sell and convey any portion of the real estate belonging to the Bridge Company.

And to act upon such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order. E. MERRILL, Clerk.

Bangor, March 8, 1867. tapril 1

Shores at Auction.

THE SHORES belonging to the Penobscot Lumbering Association, will be leased for one year, at Auction, on TUESDAY the 2d day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Treasurer of said Association, in Bangor.

By order of the Directors,

ABRAM MOOR, Treas'r P. L. A.

Bangor, March 18th, 1867. ts

SALE OF TIMBER LANDS,

FOR BATES COLLEGE.

LAND OFFICE, BANGOR, March 7th, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in pursuance of "Resolve to carry into effect chapter two hundred and four of the records of eighteen hundred sixty-four in favor of Bates College," approved February 28th, 1867, that Townships numbered 5, Range 17, and 5 Range 12, N. W. L. S. situated upon the Upper Saint John River, excepting the South East quarter of the last named township, will be offered for sale by public auction for the benefit of said College, at the Land Office in Bangor, on Wednesday the fifth day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon.

One third cash, and satisfactory notes payable in one and two years, secured by mortgage on the premises, will be received in payment

ISAAC R. CLARK,
mch 9 ts Land Agent.

THE MOST POPULAR COOKING STOVE

IN NEW ENGLAND.

The Model Cook for Wood or Coal.

THIS STOVE has now been before the public for five years, and thoroughly tested in all respects; and to say that no stove yet made has given equal satisfaction is speaking within the bounds of truth, while it is no disparagement to other Stoves.

THAT THE MODEL COOK will do more work for a given amount of fuel than any other Stove made, is a fixed fact. No room is required for the reason that

Whig & Courier

Written for the Daily Whig.

Peter Jones.

BY L. S. W.

I am not the same man who one year ago
Was seen drinking about like a wreck in a blow,
Without fortune, or friends, or even a home,—
For all had been bartered for Whiskey and Rum;
Then, rags, filthy rags, were my best "Sunday clothes"—
Where my wedding coat went the dram-seller knows!

Then my eyes were as red as the end of my nose,
And my face the same color—and as for my toes,
They were quite independent, every one
Looking out of the toes of my boots at the sun;
And my wandering feet each day travelled o'er
The well-beaten path to the rum-seller's door.

Now, I, Peter Jones, to my senses have come,
Have banished the demons Gin, Whiskey and Rum,
I've a snug little home, and my feet nevermore
Will tread the dark path to the dram-seller's door
My beverage now, is the cool crystal wave
That gushes alway, the inebriate to save.

I have happiness now, and contentment is mine,
All my rags disappeared when I turned from the wine.

I am standing erect, and my nose now-a-days
Is the natural color—not red as a blaze;—
Now, I'm Mr. Jones—and the Record will show
Drunken Peter was "born again" one year ago!

Somebody's Heart.

My heart is waiting for somebody,
Somebody, where can he be?
Somewhere on earth he is waiting;
Waiting and watching for me.

My heart shall be faithful and true, then,
To that somebody who e'er he be,
Yes! my heart is locked firmly and fast;
But it's somebody possessing the key.

Why are you sad and disheartened?
Why do you look so at me?
Because you say "you are discouraged,
That you do not hold the heart key?"

How shall I know who's the somebody?
My heart will tell faithful and true,
You wonder who can be the somebody?
Well' somebody, darling, is you.

A FEARFUL ADVENTURE.

The Iowa Northwest relates the following most incredible adventure of the driver of a mail stage from Fort Dodge to Sioux City who was lost in a snow storm on the prairie, and was four days and nights without food.

On Thursday, the 24 of January, at half past four in the afternoon, Charles Hale left the station at Twin Lakes, in Calhoun county, twenty-six miles west of Fort Dodge with the Sioux City Mail in an open sleigh drawn by two horses.

The day had been very pleasant, but just before he started it began to snow. The wind was from the northeast, and as night came on it increased to a strong gale, the snow falling thicker and faster, so that it soon became difficult to keep the road, which is simply a track across the great prairie, without a fence, tree, or house, to guide the traveler, for ten miles. He passed a small deserted cabin (the only building on the route,) just after dark, and soon after the night became so dark, and the blinding storm was driving so fiercely in his face, that he was unable to guide his team, or see any signs of the road. He knew that he could not be more than a mile or two from the Yates settlement, and believing that the horses would find their way to the station, he left them free to follow their own course. After traveling thus a long time, and failing to reach the settlement, he knew that the team had lost the road, but was utterly unable to tell whether he was north, south, east or west of the station. Aware of the hopelessness of finding the road or settlement in the dense darkness that had by this time come on, he determined to turn around and try to retrace his tracks to the deserted cabin which he had passed.

But the storm, which had been steadily increasing with each hour, drifted the snow over the track almost as fast as it was made, and Mr. Hale soon found he had lost all traces of it, and was wandering around on the great prairie, utterly lost. His presence of mind never deserted him, and he at once determined that his only chance for life was to keep the team moving slowly, that they should not perish with cold before morning.

Mr. Hale had taken the precaution to prepare for a storm before he left the lakes. He had on two flannel shirts, two pairs of socks, two pairs of pants, two heavy coats, two pairs of mittens, a pair of thick boots and buffalo overshoes, and over all of his clothing was wrapped a large heavy rubber overcoat. All through that long terrible night he kept his team slowly moving, knowing very well that if they stopped, the team and driver would soon become chilled through, and the sleep and stupor which precedes death from freezing, would seize upon them long before morning. All through that night the fearful storm seemed to be gathering in strength and fury, and we all remember the terrible Friday that followed. Business in town was entirely suspended—No stages left the stations, streets were blocked up, railroads all through the country were buried beneath great drifts, cattle perished with cold. And out in the midst of a great bleak prairie, alone and lost, the driver of the western stage watched anxiously for daylight. When morning came, the storm darkened the sky so completely that he could not discern the direction of the sun at any time during the day.

Early in the day, the horses which had been travelling through great drifts for about eighteen hours, gave out, and could go no farther. Mr. Hale hesitated but a moment, but, unhitching them from the sleigh, he turned them loose, that they might, if possible, reach some settlement. He was now left entirely alone, the snow two feet deep, and lying in immense drifts, miles and miles from the nearest habitation, with no idea of which direction he must travel, or what distance, to reach the nearest shelter. Supposing that he was north of the main road, he started in the direction which he supposed to be south, in hopes he might discover the lost track. Hour after hour did he wade through the snow, with the fearful storm chilling him through and through. Before many hours he found that his ears, face, and feet were frozen solid, and his hands were beginning to freeze. But still, strong in the determination to save himself, if in the range of possibilities, he felt the chances for surviving the night were slim indeed. He dared not sit down to rest, fearing that he would fall asleep and perish. All through the second night he kept on his feet, sometimes becoming so exhausted with cold and hunger, that he would stop a few moments to rest. He repeatedly fell asleep while standing, and was only awakened by falling down into the snow. Again and again during Friday night did he thus struggle on till daylight appeared. The wind had now ceased, but the cold was intense.

When the sun came up on Saturday morning, he was able, for the first time, to learn the directions. Looking anxiously around on every side, and seeing no signs of settlement, grove or road, he felt that a longer struggle for life was almost hopeless. But finding he was still able to move, he turned his face to the east, knowing that his only hope now was in being able to reach the Des Moines River, along which he was sure to find settlements. All day Saturday, he struggled through the deep snow, suffering [illegible]

Lost, [illegible] dismayed, he watched [illegible] for the rising of the sun on the morning of Sunday, the fourth day [illegible] was intensely cold, the mercury at sixteen degrees below zero, with a keen, cutting wind from the north. [illegible]

If he attempted to travel after dark, he should lose sight of the grove, and knowing that, in his weak condition, he could not survive the night on his feet, he sought out a large snow drift, and digging out a large cavity with his hands, he crowded in and buried himself beneath the snow.

In this position he soon fell asleep, and slept for several hours, dreaming that he had arrived in safety at Fort Dodge, and was telling his companions of his perils and escape from freezing. But upon awakening with the dawn of morning, he found himself half buried in the snow, so weak from hunger and quite exhausted from the exertions he had put forth during the three terrible days and nights past, and so crippled from freezing that he had hardly strength to crawl out of his icy bed. But by great exertions he regained his feet, and could see Lost Grove, about a mile ahead. When he tried to walk, he found that his limbs had lost their vitality, and he could only move forward by reaching down with his frozen hands, lifting his legs out of the snow, and pushing first one foot forward with his hands, and then the other. He thus managed to move slowly towards the grove. After a long tedious struggle, in which his indomitable energy of will triumphed over every obstacle, he at last reached the grove, but only to find it cold, cheerless, and uninhabited. No signs of life, food or shelter could be found. Still undismayed, his iron will again nerved him on to make one more great effort for life.

Beyond the grove, at a distance of about one and a half miles, he saw a house. Having by this time, almost entirely lost the use of his feet and legs, he began to crawl on his hands and knees through the deep snow for the house. Sometimes he would be able to rise on his feet and take a few steps forward when he would again fall into the snow, and drag himself forward once more to the house. In this way, he managed at last to reach the house, having been from daylight until two o'clock in the afternoon going two and a half miles. He had reached the residence of Mr. Hicks, five miles west of Dayton, and about thirty miles southeast of the point where he lost the road. He had been out from Thursday at four o'clock until the next Monday at two o'clock, in the severest storm of the season, with the mercury ranging at about fourteen degrees below zero, and had been on his feet during all the time but about twelve hours. He had gone four days and nights without a morsel of food, and no drink but snow. He had only slept about ten hours in nearly five days. When we saw him he was almost entirely helpless, and very weak from his terrible suffering. His face is turned black, and pieces of flesh are peeling off. His feet are terribly frozen, but the doctor hopes to save them from amputation by removing some of the toes. He will lose one ear, and undoubtedly be crippled for life. We doubt whether there is another case on record of such fearful suffering, heroic endurance, determined energy and courage, as has been suffered and displayed by this stage-driver.

NASBY'S SOUTHERN SCHOOL BOOKS.

Nasby's latest gives an amusing account of a meeting of the Board of the new Southern Institute, to consider the propriety of publishing a set of new school books adapted to the South. Nasby submitted examples for a new Arithmetic: Thus

A Yankee sent a substitoot into the Federal army at a cost uv $1000, passin off on him two counterfeit ten dollar notes. To make up this [illegible] he to wunst swindles a innocent Kentuckian out uv $100 in a patent rite, a Alabamian out uv $200 in a Western land trade, and the ballance he makes up by selling wooden nutmegs which he turns out uv bass-wood at a profit uv 4 cents per one. The great moral question, how many nutmegs must this ingenious but unprincipled cuss manufactur, and how long does it take him with the improved machinery to do it?

The Southern sojers at the battle uv the first Bull Run captured 18 Federals, one uv whom had upon his person $12 in green-backs and tothers $8 each. How many uv Johnson's postmasters cood be bought with the proceeds uv the capcher?

Deekin Pogram approved uv these examples, but he kept insisting that there wuzn't enuff in em to fire the Southern heart. The Southern heart wuz a perpetool funeral pile which needed continool firin. Unless fired it wuz a gloomy mass uv very ordinary brick tinders. He proposed that in forthcomin book should be cool oil on the slumberin embers uv the youthful Southern heart. He hed a example:

The battle of Chikamauga was fought a certain number of miles from Chattanooga. One regiment uv Confedrit sojers drove a division uv Federal mercenaries into the town. Allowin that each Fedral, ez well ez Confedrit hed two legs, how many footsteps did the Fedrals take to get em into Chattanooga, where they wuz comparatively safe from Confedrit rage and valor and sich, than it did the Confedrits to drive em there?

Bascom remarked that he hed one which he felt in his duty to purpose:

A strickly conscientious grocery keeper starts in business with four hundred in clean cash. He pays for his whiskey two dollars per gallon in Looisville, and sells it for a [illegible] per customer a Postmaster, wich drinks forty or sixty times per day, and wich tells him to 'jist chalk it down.' Required, the length uv time nessary to bust under them illectin circumstances.

Bascom remarks that long befor the book appears in print, he wood be able to furnish the answer to that ittle problem. Considerin the example a dig direct at me, I wuz anxious to retort, but ther wuz sich [illegible] must be done for Bascom—I hev lived onto him too long. The first contribution I [illegible] from friends North shel be devoted to liquidatin, in part, the debt I owe him for good bust him, by not giving him cost for his licker, but wat follows? There is the truth. Wood he who come after give credit? Better bear the ills we hev than fly to them wich we know not of.

Joe Bigler the drunken Confedrit sojer, happened in and heard the last two examples, and remarked that he cood furnish us any number of examples at site. We never stop Joseph in anything he proposes to do, for he hez a habit uv carryin a navy revolver slung to him and he shoots. Joseph was therefore permitted to proceed:

I venchered to remark that a soluther uv the first [illegible] that prob em wuz impossible, the' bein no pint to work a depar [illegible] a remark that perhaps it wuz fair [illegible] that particular, but he hed others.

If a Suthern sojer can whip five Northern sojers, why in bloody thunder, hevin hed a sufficiency uv opperlunities uv doin it, didn't the Sorth gain her independence?

If a [illegible] man rains for his rites, and fits four years for em, git's licked like the devil, how long after is it advisable for him to continue to pant for [illegible]?

If tin four years, and losin every dog gone cent's worth uv property a man hed wuz profitable biznis, how many struggles for independence wood a man uv modrit means be justified in going thru with?

If ten gallons and a half uv Kentucky whisky kin be got from a bushel uv corn, how many dimmekratic voters, [illegible] kin be manyfactured from the product uv a aker uv good land in a modrit year for corn?

A high-toned shivalrous Virginian twenty years ago, hed a female slave, wich wuz black ez a crow and worth only $800. Her progeny [illegible] Required [illegible] length uv time necessary to pay off the National debt by this means. 2nd—the number uv years necessary to bleach the cuss uv color out uv the nigger fur the United States.

If four old [illegible]

[illegible]

COULDN'T TELL.—Some years ago Mr. Slocum was reading an account of a dreadful accident which happened in a factory in Lowell, and which the paper had described in a great many words.

'I declare, wife! that was an awful accident,' said Mr. Slocum.

'What is it about, Mr. Slocum?'

'I'll read the 'count, wife, and then you'll know all about it.'

Mr. S. began to read:—

'Horrible and Fatal Accident.—It becomes our melancholy and painful duty to record the particulars of an incident that occurred at the lower mill, in this place, yesterday afternoon, by which a human being, in the prime of life, was hurried to that bourne from which no traveller returns.'

'Du tell!' exclaimed Mrs. S.

'Mr. David Jones, a workman, who has been employed as an operative in this city, was superintending one of the large drums'—

'I wonder if 'twas a bass drum, such as has Ebbibust Unum printed on't?' said Mrs. Slocum.

'—when he became entangled. His arm was drawn around the drum, and finally his whole body was drawn over the shaft at a fearful rate. When his situation was discovered he had revolved with immense velocity about fifteen minutes, his head and limbs striking a large beam a distinct blow at each revolution.'

'Poor creetur! how it must have hurt him!'

'When the machinery had been stopped it was found that Mr. Jones's arms and legs were macerated to a jelly.'

'Well, didn't it kill him?' asked Mrs. Slocum, with increasing interest.

'Portions of the dura mater cerebrum cerebellum, in confused masses, were scattered about the floor; in short, the gates of eternity had opened upon him.'

Here Mr. Slocum paused to wipe his spectacles, and his wife seized the opportunity to press the question—

'Was he [illegible] killed?'

'I don't know—haven't come to that yet; you'll know when I've finished the piece.' And Mr. S. continued reading.

'It was evident when the shapeless form was taken down, that it was no longer tenanted by the immortal spirit—that the vital spark was extinct.'

'Was the man killed?—that's what I want to know,' said Mrs. Slocum.

'Do have a little patience,' said Mr. S. eyeing his better half over his spectacles. 'I persume we shall come upon it right away.' And he went on reading.

'This fatal casuality has cast a gloom over our city, and we trust that it will prove a warning to all persons who are called upon to regulate the powerful machinery of our mills.'

'Now,' said Mrs. Slocum, perceiving that the narrative was ended, 'now, I should like to know whether the man was killed or not.'

Mr. Slocum looked puzzled. He scratched his head, scrutinized the article he had been perusing, and took a graceful survey of the paper.

'I declare, wife,' said he, 'it's curious, but really, the paper don't say!'

HOW TO TEACH A HORSE TO BACK.—A correspondent of the Rural New Yorker would teach a horse to back in this wise: A horse that will not, or don't know how to back, should be harnessed beside one that is kind and well broken, and hitched to a lumber wagon, loaded (not too heavy) with wood, rails or anything at hand, or that you wish to move, and then find in the road or field a knoll where the surface is smooth and free from stones and a slight descent from one to two rods. Drive the loaded wagon to the top, and after stopping a minute or so, command your horses to back, pulling steady but firmly on the lines. The wagon being in position to start very easily and being backed will not stop after it is in motion, and your horse if the harness be good, will be very likely to back down the hill. After getting to the bottom of the hill, speak kindly to him. Be sure to say 'whoa' [illegible] the time you see the wagon is going to stop. Patting him and rubbing your hand over his head and face, repeat the going up and backing down the hill until he knows what it means to back, and then commence backing the empty wagon upon the level, gradually increasing the load, and you will soon be able to back all the load that you'll be reasonable to back, not forgetting to pat your horse, rubbing the hand over his face and head and calling him a good fellow and using him like one. He will soon make up his mind that he really is a good fellow, and of course he will act like one, and will become your friend and willing slave, and do what he is required to, even to doing the impossibilities.

MAKING A GREAT FUSS. Two Dutch farmers at Kinderhook, whose farms were adjacent, were out in their respective fields, when one overheard an unusually loud halloo in the direction of a gap in a high stone wall, and ran with despatch to the place, and the following brief conversation ensued:

'Shon, vat ish 'e matter?'

'Vel den,' says John, 'I vas trying to climb on to top of dis high stone wall and I fell off and all to stone wall tumbled down on to me, and it hash broke out of mine legs off, both of mine arms off, and smashed mine ribs in, and dese pig stones are onto to top of mine body.'

'Ish tat all?' says the other, 'vy you hollo so big I tot you got do toof ache.'

ST. XAVIER'S CONVENT OF THE SISTERS OF MERCY

BANGOR, MAINE.

THIS Spacious and Beautiful Institution is located in a very healthful part of one of the first and most populous cities of the State. It offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a solid and refined education. They may be assured that every necessary attention will be paid to the health and comfort of the pupils. The utmost care will be taken to cultivate their moral and religious principles which alone render education profitable in after life.

The educational course comprises every useful and ornamental branch suitable for Young Ladies.

Difference of Religion will not be regarded in the admission of pupils who are willing to conform to the general regulations.

The Scholastic Year is divided into two sessions, the first of which commences on the FIRST MONDAY OF SEPTEMBER. No entrance fees.

TERMS.

Board and Tuition, per Session, payable in advance,	$75 00
Terms for Day Pupils, per Quarter,	[illegible]

EXTRA.

Music, with use of Piano, per Quarter,	14 00
Vocal,	10 00
Guitar,	10 00
French,	[illegible]
Italian,	[illegible]
German,	10 00
Latin,	10 00
Drawing,	5 00
A complete set of Lessons in Book-keeping,	15 00

Washing, mending, or any of the usual incidental expenses are not subject to any extra charge. Bed and bedding, $5 00.

UNIFORM.—Blue, Thibet or Lyonese, in Winter; Blue Muslin or Delaine, in Summer; Knife, Fork and Spoon; Table Napkins. This uniform can be provided at the convent when parents so desire.

No deduction made for accidental absence, except when occasioned by sickness.

An extra charge of $25 00 for all who remain as boarders during vacation.

For further information apply at the Convent, or by letter to the Directress of the Institution.

sept 12 MOTHER MARY GONZAGA.

F. A. PRESCOTT,

(Late of the Internal Revenue Bureau, Washington)

Counsellor-at-Law and Internal Revenue Solicitor.

No. 17 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

MR. PRESCOTT has long experience in the Internal Revenue Bureau, in the Division of Frauds; having charge of all cases of violation of the Revenue Law, his familiarity with Departmental practice, and his acquaintance with the Revenue officers throughout the country, [illegible] claims for Drawback, Abatement, Refunding, and for the recovery of penalties paid by way of compromise [illegible] Mr. Prescott [illegible] the various Departments at Washington, in the Supreme Court of the U. S., and the Court of Claims. [illegible]

Store for Sale.

[illegible]

Bangor Post Office.

Post Office open from 7½ A.M. to 8 P.M., and from [illegible]

Western mail closes at 6 A.M.; North Carmel via Hermon at 2 P.M.; all others close at 9 P.M.

The time of the arrivals and departures is the contract time. There are no arrivals or departures on Sunday.

The North Carmel via Hermon mail arrives and departs on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Kenduskeag, Howland and Greenville offices have a daily mail.

The mail to Dexter via Kenduskeag leaves here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returns Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The other mails are daily.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

	Arrived.	Departure.
Western, (arrive at depot)	8 P.M.	7.10 A.M.
Augusta,	6 P.M.	6 A.M.
Calais and St. John,	6 A.M.	9.30 P.M.
Belfast,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ellsworth, Machias &c.,	[illegible]	9.30 P.M.
Houlton,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Castine and Bucksport,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Upper Stillwater,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dexter and Kenduskeag,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Brownville, via Bradford,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greenville, via Monson,	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Carmel via Hermon,	12 M.	3 P.M.
Monroe,	10 A.M.	[illegible]

RATES OF POSTAGE.

ON LETTERS.

Throughout the United States, 3 cents per half ounce or fraction of a half ounce.

To and from the British Provinces, not over 3,000 miles, 10 cents per half ounce.

To same, over 3,000 miles, 15 cents per half ounce.

ON NEWSPAPERS—QUARTERLY RATES.

Weekly papers (to actual subscribers) within the county where published—FREE.

Weekly papers, in the State where published, and out of the county, 5 cents per quarter.

Weekly papers, to any part of the United States 5 cents per quarter.

Daily papers (or six papers per week) in the State, 30 cents per quarter.

Daily papers out of the State, 30 cents per quarter.

[The above rates apply to papers weighing not over 4 ounces each—and this embraces almost every paper in the United States.]

ON NEWSPAPERS—TRANSIENT RATES.

To any part of the United States—PREPAID.

One package to one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 2 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 4 cents.

[illegible]

Newspapers must be left open at the ends.

ON BOOKS—BOUND OR UNBOUND.

If not weighing over 4 pounds.

To one address, not exceeding 4 ounces, 4 cents.

Over 4 ounces, and not over 8 ounces, 8 cents.

[illegible]

Rates of Letter Postage to Foreign Countries.

To England, Ireland and Scotland, 24 cents per half ounce.

To France and Algeria, by French mail, 15 cents quarter ounce; 30 cents half ounce.

To German States, by Prussian closed mail, 28 cents [illegible]

[illegible]

DO YOU WANT

ONE OF THE

BEST WEEKLY PAPERS

IN MAINE?

If so, subscribe for the

Bangor Weekly Courier.

Price $2 per year in advance.

FIVE CENTS FOR SINGLE COPIES.

Tags & Forwarding Cards,

PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE,

AT THE

WHIG & COURIER JOB OFFICE,

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Insurance Policies

PRINTED AT THE

Whig & Courier Job Office,

SOWMAN'S BLOCK.

AUCTION BILLS,

PRINTED AT SHORT NOTICE,

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE JOB OFFICE

[illegible]

B. PLUMMER & SONS'

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE AGENCY,

Bangor, Maine.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the first day of December, 1866.

Being a Mutual Company, it has no Capital Stock.

Amount of Accumulated Capital, $12,922,221 83

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

Am't loaned on collateral security,	$218,800 00
Loaned on bond & mortgage of real estate,	3,296,606 16
Cash on hand,	20,329 73
Cash in hands of agents and in transit,	392,613 30
Bonds of the U. States,	2,795,990 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,000,000 00
Invested in bank and railroad stocks,	83,625 00
Premium notes bearing 6 % interest,	4,891,290 46
Real estate owned by the Company,	30,187 63
Of city railroad bonds owned by the Comp'y,	10,891 25
Accrued interest,	265,657 10
	$12,922,221 83

LIABILITIES.

Am't outstanding losses, adjusted and not due,	$293,500 00
do unadjusted,	12,000 00
	$305,500 00
Dividend declared and not yet due,	154,868 00
Insured by existing policies,	15,788,381 00

W. S. OLMSTEAD, Sec'y.

Hartford, Dec. 1, 1866.

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Home Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK,

On the first day of December, 1866, to the Secretary of State of the State of Maine, pursuant to the Statute of that State.

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of this Company is THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, incorporated in 1853, and located in the city of New York.

CAPITAL.

The Capital of said Company actually paid up in cash, is $2,000,000 00

The Surplus on the 1st day of December, 1866, 1,525,378 50

Total amount of Capital and Surplus, $3,525,378 50

ASSETS.

Am't of Cash in Continental National Bank, N. Y.,		$160,518 47
Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission, (estimated)		304,532 92
U. S. Registered and Coupon Stock, 1881, market value,	$294,030 00	
U. S. Bonds, 5-20, market value,	1,121,080 00	1,415,010 00
Missouri State Bonds, 6 per cent, market value,		17,550 00
North Carolina Bonds, 6 per cent, market value,		5,700 00
Tennessee Bonds, 6 per cent, market value,		17,250 00
Wisconsin State, 6 per cent, market value,		29,100 00
Illinois, 6 per cent, market value,		21,000 00
Rhode Island, 6 per cent, market value,		9,600 00
California State Bonds, 7 per cent, market value,		[illegible]
Queens County Bonds, market value,		25,000 00
Richmond County Bonds, market value,		24,500 00
Brooklyn City Water Bonds, market value,		9,950 00
Bank Stocks, market value,		[illegible]
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien of record on Unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least $2,228,000, rate of interest 6 and 7 per cent,		966,692 50
Loans on Stocks and Bonds, payable on demand, the market value of securities pledged, at least $93,220,		72,150 00
Steamer Magnet and Wrecking apparatus,		[illegible]
Government Stamps,		[illegible]
Other Property, Miscellaneous Items,		39,729 33
Due for Premiums on Policies issued at Office, (Fire, Inland and Marine)		29,392 10
Bills Receivable for Premiums on Marine and Inland Navigation Risks, &c.,		50,908 82
Interest accrued and not due 1st December,		36,221 00
		$3,698,034 77

LIABILITIES.

Am't Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid,	None
Losses incurred, and in process of adjustment,	170,856 18
Dividends declared and due and unpaid,	1,800 00
Dividends, either cash or scrip, declared, but not yet due,	None
All other existing claims against the Company,	None
Total am't Losses, claims and Liabilities,	$172,656 18

The greatest amount insured on any one risk, is $75,000, but will not as a general rule exceed $10,000.

The Company has no general rule as to the amount allowed to be insured in any city, town, village or block, being governed in this matter, in each case, by the general character of buildings, width of streets, facilities for putting out fires, &c.

A certified copy of the Charter or Act of Incorporation, as amended, accompanied a previous Statement.

STATE OF NEW YORK, City and County of New York, } ss.

Charles J. Martin, President, and John McGee, Secretary, of the Home Insurance Company, being severally and duly sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporation, and that they are the above described officers thereof.

(Signed) CHARLES J. MARTIN, Pres't.

(Signed) JOHN McGEE, Sec'y.

Subscribed and sworn before me, this 10th day of December, A. D. 1866.

[L. S.] (Signed) THOS. P. GOODRICH, Notary Public.

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

Etna Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the 1st day of November, 1866, as required by the laws of the State of Maine, approved April, 1866.

The Capital Stock is $3,000,000, and with the Surplus, is invested as follows:

Real estate unincumbered,	178,370 76
Cash on hand, on deposit, and in Agents' hands,	439,451 07
United States Securities,	755,532 25
State and City Stocks, and Town Bonds,	654,540 00
Bank and Trust Company Stocks,	942,623 33
Railroad Company Stocks,	1,180,680 00
Mortgaged Bonds,	284,821 25
Mutual Insurance Company scrip,	9,206 00
Total assets,	$4,355,545 36
Amount of Liabilities for Losses not due or adjusted,	328,131 35
Amount at Risk, estimated,	220,791,668 00

LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Pres't.

JOTHAM GOODNOW, Sec'y.

Hartford, November 30, 1866.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss. Hartford County,

HARTFORD, November 30, 1866.

Personally appeared before me, Henry Fowler, a Justice of the Peace, duly qualified to administer oaths, Lucius J. Hendee, President, and Jotham Goodnow, Secretary, and made solemn oath that the foregoing statement of the Assets and condition of the Etna Insurance Company is true.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

B. PLUMMER & SONS, Agents.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

International Insurance Co.,

On the thirty-first day of October, 1866, in accordance with the Laws of Maine.

The name of the Company is the "INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY." It is located in the city of New York, and was incorporated Jan. 4, 1864. The amount of the Capital Stock is One Million Dollars, and is all paid up.

The Assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in hands of Agents and others,	$66,675 73
United States Five-Twenties, market value,	557,700 00
United States Seven-Thirties, market value,	255,000 00
United States Ten-Forties market value,	100,265 00
Wisconsin and Virginia, War Bonds, market value,	20,400 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages, being first lien on unincumbered Real Estate, worth double the amount loaned thereon,	[illegible]
Debts otherwise secured,	50,000 00
[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

by a prudent regard of the construction, occupancy and exposure of each.

The Act of Incorporation is herewith.

STATE OF NEW YORK, County of New York, November 1st, 1866. } ss.

CHARLES TAYLOR, President, and C. C. HINE, Secretary, of the INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, to me personally known, depose and say that they are said officers, and that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of said Company on the thirty-first day of October, 1866, that said Company is the bona fide owner of One Million Dollars, Cash Capital, and Four Hundred and Sixty Thousand and Six Dollars and Twenty-Four Cents Cash Surplus, invested as above, all of which is the absolute property of said Company, free and clear from all liens and claims thereon, except as above stated (and as may be necessary for a re-insurance fund) according to the best of their knowledge, information and belief respectively. CHARLES TAYLOR, President.

Sworn to and subscribed, the date last above written, before me. CHARLES NETTLETON, Commissioner for the State of Maine.

B. Plummer & Sons, Ag't's.

CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR

DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER. INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.

STRANGUARY AND BURNING OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips. A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will relieve you like magic.

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and juniper in the treatment of these diseases, and only use them for the want of a better remedy.

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

DIURETICS

irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

STROUDSBURG, PA., Jan 20, 1866.

DR. GREGG:

Dear Sir:—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit, and lost all confidence, and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations about 1200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I am so this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,

MRS. MARGILL C. LEVANWAY.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in the one case being too little and accompanied by severe pain, and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flushes of Heat, Languor, Lassitude, and Dimness of Vision.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

LAVILLE, PA., June, 1862.—Dr. William H. Gregg—Dear Sir:—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured soon after regaining my usual good health.

Yours truly, J. V. L. DE WITT.

BOSTON CORNER, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1861.—Wm. H. Gregg & Co.—Gents:—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate of the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner:—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and in her limbs, with palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder. I called a physician, who attended her about three months, when he left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months, and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up, and said "her case was incurable. For," said he, "she has such a combination of complaints that medicine given for one operates against some other of her difficulties." About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs. She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has produced a permanent cure.

WM. M. VAN BEUSCHOTEN.

WETHERSFIELD, Conn., March 2, 1863.—Dr. W. H. Gregg—Dear Sir:—Having seen your advertisement of "Constitution Water," recommended for Inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the Bladder, having suffered for the past three years and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief, I was induced to try your medicine. I procured one bottle of your agents at Hartford, Messrs. Lee, Sisson & Co., and when I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health. I have used two bottles of it and am where I never expected to be in my life well, and in good spirits. I cannot express my gratitude for it; I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be. May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love.

Yours truly, LEONARD S. BIGLOW.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM. H. GREGG & CO., Proprietors.

[illegible]

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston.

[illegible]

Eastport, Calais and St. John.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ONE TRIP PER WEEK.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 17th, the Steamer New Brunswick, Captain E. B. Winchester, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street, Portland, every MONDAY at 5 o'clock, P.M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John every THURSDAY at 8 o'clock, A. M.

At Eastport Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

At St. John the E. & N. A. Railway will connect for Shediac.

Freight received on days of sailing until four o'clock, P. M. C. C. EATON, Agent.

Apply at 22 West Market Square. dec 29 tt

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows:—

Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston, every evening (except Sunday) at 7 o'clock.

Leave Boston the same days at 7 P. M.

Fare in Cabin,	$1 50
Deck fare,	1 00

Package Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates.

Freight taken as usual. L. BILLINGS, Agent.

May 30, 1866. edtf

Portland and New York

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships DIRIGO, Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $6. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to EMERY & FOX, Brown's Wharf, Portland. J. F. AMES, Pier 38 East River.

Portland, May 29, 1866.

NEW HOTEL IN DEXTER.

"MERCHANTS EXCHANGE."

We have this day opened a new and elegant Public House in Dexter. This Hotel is a large, new, three story building, situated in the most central part of the village, is just completed at great expense, thoroughly finished with all the modern improvements, has 35 rooms all furnished with new and choice furniture, some of them suits of rooms to accommodate families. There is a Livery Stable attached, where excellent teams can be had at all times. We intend to spare no pains to please the public and to make the "Merchant's Exchange" a first class house in every respect, and respectfully solicit public patronage.

EAYES & MURCH.

L. D. EAYES. EBEN MURCH.

Dexter, Dec. 27, 1867. jan 10 d&w3m

NATIONAL HOUSE,

Harlow St., Bangor, Maine,

A. R. GREENOUGH. - - - Proprietor.

This House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the travelling community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. R. GREENOUGH.

Bangor, September 13, 1866.

OR WORLDS SALVE

Has been an old family nurse for the past twenty years, and known all around the world as the most soothing and healing Ointment in existence.

McALISTER'S ALL-HEALING OINTMENT

Never Fails to Cure.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ulcers, Small Pox, Sore Nipples, Mercurial Sores, Erysipelas, Carbuncles, Corns, Bunions and all Rheumatic Pains, &c. &c. Heals permanently Old Sores and Fresh Wounds. For Frosted Limbs, Burns, or Scalds, it has no equal in the World. Give it a trial.

Price 25 cents. Sold by all Druggists.

Nvo2196 Tu& Fd&wly

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP

WITH

YOUR WASTE GREASE:

NO LIME NECESSARY:

BY USING

Saponifier!

OR

Manufactured by

PENN'A. SALT M'FG. CO.

It will make TWELVE POUNDS of excellent Hard Soap, or TWENTY-FIVE GALLONS of the very best Soft Soap, for only about THIRTY CENTS. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery Stores.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Be particular in asking for

PENN'A SALT M'FG. CO'S. SAPONIFIER.

dec1 3tawd&weowly

Excelsior Window Polish!

The Most Wonderful Thing of the Age!

IT gives an instantaneous polish to the glass, removing paint, putty, grease, &c. It makes your Silver, Britannia, Tin, Brass and Knives, look as good as new, with little labor and no water or dirt! It removes ink stains and pencil marks from wood and paint work, and is unsurpassed for cleaning paint. Manufactured by J. G. WOOLCOCK, New Bedford, Mass.

For sale in Bangor wholesale and retail by B. F. BRADBURY, No. 8 Smith's Block, & J. F. PATTEN & CO., No. 1 Granite Block.

August 29th.—d&w6m.

Lubricating Oils.

LARD, Sperm, Whale, Paraffine, Seal, Native; Neats and Tallow Oils; Wool Oils and Scouring Soaps, &c. Superior qualities at lowest rates.

Bartlett, Burgess & Co.,

pl 6—tf 106 State street, Boston.

Flour and Corn.

1250 BARRELS Extra State and Ohio FLOUR. 6000 Bushels nice CORN, now landing from schs. Z Snow and Atlantic, and for sale.

nov 23 S. H. DALE & CO.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING,

Executed with Neatness & Despatch,

AT THE

WHIG & COURIER OFFICE

BOWMAN'S BLOCK.

PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD

"Lower Kennebec Route," via Kendall's Mills, Waterville, and Augusta

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

PASSENGER TRAINS leave Kendall's Mills daily, for Portland and Boston, upon the arrival of the 7.00 A.M. train from Bangor, connecting with trains at Brunswick for Lewiston, Farmington, &c.

Returning—Passenger Train leaves Portland on arrival of train from Boston, at 1 P.M., connecting at Kendall's Mills with train for Bangor and intermediate stations.

Freight Train leaves Kendall's Mills at [illegible] A.M. for Portland, and through to Boston without change of cars. Returning, Freight train is due at Waterville at 3.25 P.M. and Kendall's Mills at [illegible] P.M.

Connection Tickets between Bangor and [illegible] on the Maine Central Road and [illegible] Brunswick on the Portland and Kennebec Road, are now sold, and baggage checked through.

Through Fares from Bangor and all other stations on the Maine Central Railroad, East of Kendall's Mills, to Portland and Boston by the Portland & Kennebec Railroad, will be made the same as by the Maine Central and Grand Trunk Roads. So also from Portland and Boston to Bangor and all other stations East of Kendall's Mills.

Passengers going East will change cars at the depot they arrive at in Portland, where ample time is allowed to dine. W. HATCH, Sup't.

nov19, 1866

Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY, Nov. [illegible] will leave as follows, till further notice:

Leave Bangor	at 7 A. M.	[illegible]
Leave Milford	at 8 A. M.	[illegible]
Leave Oldtown	at 8¼ A. M.	[illegible]

Bangor, Nov. 15th, 1866. N. T. SWAN, Agent.

MAINE CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after MONDAY next, trains will leave Bangor daily for Portland and Boston at [illegible] A. M.

Accommodation train for Waterville and intermediate stations, at 1.30 P. M. daily.

Trains from Portland and Boston will be due in Bangor at 8 P. M., and from Waterville [illegible] A. M.

Through tickets are sold at Bangor for Portland and Boston by this line only. EDWIN NOYES, Supt.

November 10, 1866.

NEW LAW!

SOLDIERS who have served THREE YEARS, or their widows or heirs, are entitled to

$100 Additional Bounty.

And Soldiers who have served TWO YEARS, their widows or heirs, are entitled to an additional Bounty of $50. Increased Invalid Pensions of $20 and $25 per month, according to the degree of disability.

Increased Pensions,

FOR WIDOWS.

All Widows drawing Pensions are now entitled to an increase of two dollars per month for each child under sixteen years of age.

Three Months Pay Proper!

Officers who were in the service, March [illegible] and were honorably discharged after [illegible] are entitled to 3 months pay proper.

All persons having claims under the above laws should make application at once, in person or by letter, at the old and reliable War Claim Agency.

Perkins & Stevens,

NO. 1 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE.

N. B.—They refer to the thousands of claimants whose claims they have prosecuted in a speedy and satisfactory manner.

Pensions!—Bounty!

(NEW LAW!)

Important to all Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED, BY LAW, TO OBTAIN an INCREASE of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For every Soldier who lost a hand or foot in the army, or who is disabled by wound or sickness equal to the loss of a hand or foot.

Also—An INCREASE OF PENSION for some classes, and for dependent fathers and brothers—Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due.

Apply early, either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,

June 18th, 1866.—d&wtf BANGOR.

Special Notice

To Soldiers and Seamen!!

The Law Has Passed!

Bounties Equalized.

Justice Done the Early Soldiers and Seamen of the War, their Widows and Heirs.

NOTICE has been sent me from Washington that the Law equalizing the bounty to Soldiers and Seamen was passed Saturday last, July [illegible] by Congress.

I am now authorized and prepared to collect this Bounty for every Soldier and Seamen entitled, also for their Widows and Heirs.

Application made personally at my office or by mail,—the discharge of the Soldier or Seamen should be handed in—as it must be forwarded with the application.

All applications must be made signed, witnessed and sworn to, AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THIS LAW. Many soldiers have been induced to sign papers before the law passed. This practice is irregular, fraudulent and void, and papers in such cases must be made anew.

Soldiers and Seamen

Call early and get full particulars at the Old War Claim Agency of

C. P. BROWN,

July 30 BANGOR.

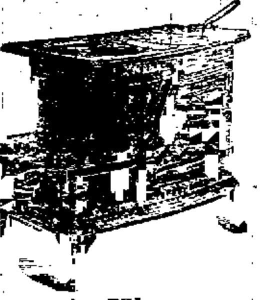
The New Bounty Law.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

SOLDIERS AND THEIR HEIRS can get the New Bounty, given by an Act of Congress July 28, 1866, by calling on the subscriber, a United States Special Agent, cheaper than at any other office in the State.

Daniel Sanborn,

aug 1—tf U. S. AGENT.



THE

BEST COOKING STOVE,

IN THE MARKET

"PEERLESS," FOR COAL OR WOOD.

THE "PEERLESS" has all the advantages of the popular stoves in use, together with such NEW FEATURES as justify the manufacturers in calling it the BEST COOKING STOVE in the market.

It is the "PEERLESS," because it is superior to all other Cooking Stoves in Economy, Simplicity, Cleanliness, Baking, Roasting and Beauty.

1st, ECONOMY. A patented method of heating the air and conveying it through the oven, saves from twenty to thirty per cent. of fuel.

2d, SIMPLICITY. It is easily managed. The fire can be perfectly controlled and kept through an entire season without rekindling.

3d, CLEANLINESS. No dust escapes while shaking or dumping the grate.

4th, BAKING. Its large oven, wherein all parts are of equal temperature, bakes as evenly at above as below, and that without turning the article, it bakes quickly. It will bake upon the oven rack quickly, evenly and well at the same time the oven bottom is fully employed in baking or roasting.

5th, ROASTING. A current of hot air constantly passing through the oven, so thoroughly ventilates it, that it roasts as well as any other kitchen.

6th, BEAUTY. Made of the best iron, it will not crack. Well mounted, artistically designed, and smoothly cast, it is the most beautiful as well as the most serviceable stove in the market.

Each stove is WARRANTED to be and to do all that is claimed for it.

PRATT & WENTWORTH, Manufacturers, Boston.

ALBERT NOYES & CO.,

119—3md&w Sole Agents in Bangor.